# Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report

Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Pearl Harbor, O'ahu, Hawai'i

Latitude: 21°22'15"N Longitude: 157°53'33"W

DOH Facility ID No. 9-102271 DOH Release ID No. 99051, 010011, 020028

September 2011

Commanding Officer Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawai'i 400 Marshall Road Pearl Harbor, HI 96860-3139



Environmental Technical Services Contract Number N62742-08-D-1930, CTO HC14

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Prepared for:



Commanding Officer Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawai'i 400 Marshall Road Pearl Harbor, HI 96860-3139

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Prepared under:

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## List of Acronyms

<	less than
µg/L	micrograms per liter
COPC	chemical of potential concern
DL	detection limit or method detection limit (MDL)
DLNR	Department of Land and Natural Resources
DOH	State of Hawai'i Department of Health
DON	Department of the Navy
DRO	diesel range organics
DTW (TOC)	depth to water from top of well casing
EAL	Environmental Action Level
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
F-76	marine diesel fuel
FISC	Fleet and Industrial Supply Center
GRO	gasoline range organics
HAR	Hawai'i Administrative Rules
IDW	investigation-derived waste
J	Estimated result. Indicates that the compound was identified but
	the concentration was above the DL and below the LOQ.
JP	Jet Propellant
LCS	laboratory control sample
LNAPL	light non-aqueous phase liquid
LOD	limit of detection
LOQ	limit of quantitation or reporting limit (RL)
MS	matrix spike
MSD	matrix spike duplicate
N/A	not applicable
ND	not detected
NAVFAC	Naval Facilities Engineering Command
NAVSUP	Naval Supply System Command
NP	measurement not provided
NT	measurement not taken
PAHs	polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
pH	hydrogen activity
PHWS	Pearl Harbor Water System
PPE	personal protective equipment
Q	data qualifier
QC	quality control
RHSF	Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility
RPD	relative percent difference
SSRBL	site-specific risk-based level
SWL	static water level
TEC	The Environmental Company, Inc.
TIC	tentatively identified compound
TPH	total petroleum hydrocarbons

U	Indicates the compound or analyte was analyzed for but not
	detected. The result is reported as ND.
U.S.	United States
USGS	United States Geological Survey
UST	underground storage tank
VOC	volatile organic compound

## Executive Summary

This report documents the results of the quarterly groundwater monitoring performed in July 2011 at the Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility (RHSF). There are 18 active, and two inactive 12.5 million gallon capacity, field-constructed underground storage tanks (USTs) located at the RHSF. Previous environmental site investigations indicated a release had occurred and contaminated the groundwater underlying the RHSF.

The United States (U.S.) Navy implemented a groundwater monitoring program, which includes collecting groundwater samples quarterly from U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 (RHMW2254-01) and four groundwater monitoring wells (RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05) installed within the RHSF lower access tunnel. The U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 is located approximately 3,000 feet downgradient from the RHSF and provides approximately 24 percent of the potable water to the Pearl Harbor Water System (PHWS). The groundwater samples were analyzed for petroleum constituents and compared against State of Hawai'i Department of Health (DOH) Drinking Water Environmental Action Levels (EALs) (DOH, 2009).

This report presents the analytical results and compares them to the DOH Drinking Water EALs for samples collected on July 19 and 20, 2011 at the five groundwater monitoring wells (RHMW2254-01, RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05). Contaminant trends that have exceeded DOH Drinking Water EALs are also provided in this report.

### July 2011 Groundwater Monitoring Results

Laboratory analytical results indicated that total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH)-diesel range organics (DRO) were present in the groundwater beneath the RHSF at concentrations that exceeded the EAL. All other chemical of potential concern (COPC) concentrations (i.e., volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and dissolved lead) were below the EALs.

In monitoring well RHMW2254-01, dissolved lead (1.9 micrograms per liter  $[\mu g/L]$ ) was detected at a concentration below the EAL. All other COPCs in RHMW2254-01 were not detected at or above the limits of detection (LODs) and limits of quantitation (LOQs).

In monitoring well RHMW01, TPH-DRO (290  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at a concentration which exceeded the EAL. Naphthalene (0.12  $\mu$ g/L) and dissolved lead (0.17  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at estimated concentrations below the EALs. All other COPCs in RHMW01 were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs.

In monitoring well RHMW02, TPH-DRO (1,100  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at a concentration which exceeded the EAL. Acenaphthene (0.31  $\mu$ g/L), 1-methylnaphthalene (0.85  $\mu$ g/L), naphthalene (2.2  $\mu$ g/L), and dissolved lead (1.2  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at concentrations below the EALs. Fluorene (0.088  $\mu$ g/L) and 2-methylnaphthalene (0.16  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at estimated concentrations below the EALs. All other COPCs in RHMW02 were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs.

In monitoring wells RHMW03 and RHMW05, dissolved lead (0.33  $\mu$ g/L and 0.24  $\mu$ g/L, respectively) was detected at estimated concentrations below the EAL. All other COPCs in RHMW03 and RHMW05 were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs.

All laboratory detection limits (DLs), LODs, and LOQs were generally below the EALs. In the case where an EAL for a specific COPC is less than the LOQ, it is generally acceptable to consider the LOQ in place of the EAL (DOH, 2009).

### TPH-DRO Contaminant Trends

TPH-DRO concentrations at RHMW01 have fluctuated above the EAL except in October-November 2010 and January 2011 when TPH-DRO was not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs (Appendix A).

At RHMW02, TPH-DRO concentrations have been consistently well above the EAL and exceeded the site-specific-risk-based level (SSRBL) twice: in December 2008 and April 2010 (Appendix A).

At RHMW03, TPH-DRO concentrations have fluctuated above and below the EAL. From May 2009 through July 2010, TPH-DRO concentrations at RHMW03 were not detected above the LODs and LOQs. However, in October-November 2010, TPH-DRO was detected at the highest concentration (330  $\mu$ g/L). TPH-DRO was not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs in the past three consecutive quarterly groundwater monitoring events.

At RHMW05, TPH-DRO concentrations increased from the first sampling event in May 2009 to January 2010 and were all above the EAL. However, in the past six consecutive quarterly groundwater monitoring events, TPH-DRO has not been detected above the LODs and LOQs.

### TPH-Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) Contaminant Trends

TPH-GRO has remained below the EAL or has not been detected in monitoring wells RHMW01, RHMW03, and RHMW05. TPH-GRO concentrations at RHMW02 have fluctuated above and below the EAL. In January 2011, TPH-GRO at RHMW02 was detected at an estimated concentration of 17  $\mu$ g/L, which was below the EAL. TPH-GRO concentrations increased slightly to a detected concentration of 24  $\mu$ g/L which is below the EAL in April 2011. TPH-GRO was not detected above the LOD and LOQ during this July 2011 groundwater monitoring event.

### Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) Contaminant Trend at RHMW02

Since October 2008, the concentrations of 2-methylnaphthalene have remained below the EAL. Concentrations of 1-methylnaphthalene decreased below the EAL in October 2009, however concentrations have exhibited an increasing trend above the EAL during six subsequent quarterly groundwater monitoring events and again decreased below the EAL during the July 2011 groundwater monitoring event. Naphthalene concentrations decreased to below the EAL in May 2009 and July 2009, increased above the EAL in October 2009, and remained above the EAL during the January 2011 groundwater monitoring event. Naphthalene concentrations decreased to below the EAL during the EAL during the EAL during the EAL again in the April 2011 and July 2011 groundwater monitoring events.

#### **Conclusions**

To date, the presence of light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) has been observed only once (i.e., in January 2008 in RHMW01 and RHMW02 with a thickness of less than 0.01 feet). This indicates that a significant release from one or more of the USTs at the RHSF has not occurred at this time.

COPC concentrations in samples collected from the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 have not been increasing or detected at or above the EALs. This indicates that elevated COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from other monitoring wells within the RHSF are not migrating and impacting the Navy's potable water source.

COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from monitoring well RHMW05 have decreased to below the EALs for the past six consecutive quarterly monitoring events. The data suggest that elevated COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from monitoring wells located adjacent to the USTs are not migrating in the downgradient direction. RHMW05 is an intermediate monitoring point between the USTs and the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01. At this time, there is no indication that COPCs are migrating in a downgradient direction towards the Navy's potable water source.

COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from two monitoring wells adjacent to the USTs (i.e., RHMW01, RHMW02, and RHMW03) are not increasing between consecutive sampling events except for concentrations of 1-methylnaphthalene from monitoring well RHMW02. Concentrations of 1-methylnaphthalene in RHMW02 increased for three consecutive events, but then decreased in the subsequent April 2011 and July 2011 groundwater monitoring events. The fluctuations in concentration measured during this event and previous events indicate the source of 1-methylnaphthalene is very likely residual contamination from a historical release at the RHSF. The general overall long-term trend in 1-methylnaphthalene concentration is decreasing and does not indicate a new release at the site.

#### **Recommendations**

Based on the results of this monitoring event, continuation of the quarterly groundwater monitoring program at the RHSF is recommended. In addition continuation of monthly free product measurements at RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05; and monthly soil vapor monitoring are also recommended. In response to the Category 2 status of RHMW01 and RHMW02, submission of this quarterly report to DOH and continuation of a leak determination program as described in Section 3 of the RHSF Groundwater Protection Plan (The Environmental Company Inc. (TEC), 2008) to identify if tanks are leaking are recommended.

## Section 1 Introduction

This report presents the results of the 24<sup>th</sup> groundwater monitoring event conducted in July 2011 at the RHSF, Pearl Harbor, O'ahu, Hawai'i (Figure 1-1). The RHSF consists of 18 active and two inactive USTs operated by Naval Supply System Command (NAVSUP) Fleet Logistics Center, Pearl Harbor, formerly Fleet and Industrial Supply Center (FISC), Pearl Harbor. The groundwater sampling and analysis event is part of a groundwater monitoring program for the UST site in response to past UST releases, previous environmental investigations, and recommendations from the DOH. The groundwater monitoring was performed by Environet for the Department of the Navy (DON), Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC), Hawai'i under Environmental Technical Services, Contract Number N62742-08-D-1930, Contract Task Order HC14.

The field activities performed for the July 2011 quarterly groundwater monitoring event were conducted in accordance with the procedures described in the *Work Plan, Long-Term Monitoring, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Pearl Harbor, O'ahu, Hawai'i* (Environet, 2010).

## 1.1 Project Objective

The groundwater monitoring was performed to evaluate the presence of COPCs in groundwater underlying the RHSF. The groundwater monitoring was conducted to ensure the DON remains in compliance with DOH UST release response requirements as described in Hawai'i Administrative Rules (HAR) 11-281 Subchapter 7, Release Response Action. Analytical results are compared to the DOH Drinking Water EALs for samples collected from five groundwater monitoring wells (RHMW2254-01, RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05).

### 1.2 Background

The U.S. Navy implemented a groundwater monitoring program, which includes collecting groundwater samples quarterly from U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 (RHMW2254-01) and four groundwater monitoring wells (RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05) installed within the RHSF lower access tunnel. The U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 is located approximately 3,000 feet downgradient from the RHSF and provides approximately 24 percent of the potable water to the PHWS. The groundwater samples are analyzed for petroleum constituents and compared against DOH Drinking Water EALs (DOH, 2009).

### 1.2.1 Site Description

The RHSF is located on the island of O'ahu, Hawai'i, approximately 2.5 miles northeast of Pearl Harbor in Hālawa Heights (Figure 1-1). Land adjacent to the north of the RHSF is occupied by the Hālawa Correctional Facility and private businesses. Land to the south and west of the facility includes the Coast Guard Reservation and other residential neighborhoods. Moanalua Valley is located east of the facility (Environet, 2010).

The Navy Public Works Department operates a potable water infiltration tunnel approximately 1,550 feet hydraulically downgradient from the RHSF (Environet, 2010). The U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 is located approximately 3,000 feet downgradient (west) of the RHSF and provides approximately 24 percent of the potable water to the PHWS, which serves approximately 52,200 military consumers (TEC, 2008).

### 1.2.2 Facility Information

The RHSF consists of 18 active and two inactive USTs operated by NAVSUP Fleet Logistics Center, Pearl Harbor. Each UST has a capacity of 12.5 million gallons. The RHSF is located approximately 100 feet above the basal aquifer (Dawson Group, Inc., 2006).

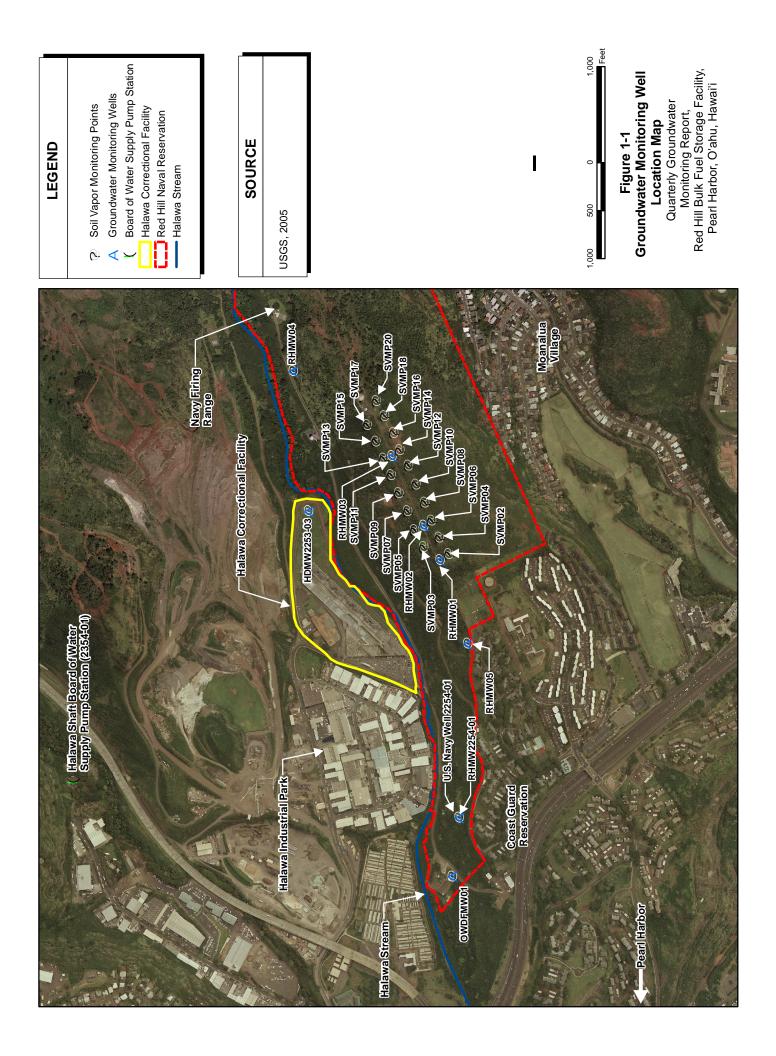
### 1.2.3 UST Information

The USTs were constructed in the early 1940s. The tanks were constructed of steel and currently contain Jet Propellant (JP)-5 fuel, JP-8, and marine diesel fuel (F-76). Previously, several tanks stored Navy Special Fuel Oil, Navy Distillate, aviation gasoline, and motor gasoline. Each tank measures approximately 245 feet in height and 100 feet in diameter. The upper domes of the tanks lie at depths varying between approximately 100 feet and 200 feet below the existing ground surface (TEC, 2006).

### 1.2.4 Previous Reports

The following groundwater monitoring reports were previously submitted to the DOH:

- 1. Groundwater Sampling Report, First Quarter 2005 (submitted April 2005);
- 2. Groundwater Sampling Report, Second Quarter 2005 (submitted August 2005);
- 3. Groundwater Sampling Report, Third Quarter 2005 (submitted November 2005);
- 4. Groundwater Sampling Report, Fourth Quarter 2005 (submitted February 2006);
- 5. Groundwater Monitoring Results, July 2006 (submitted September 2006);
- 6. Groundwater Monitoring Results, December 2006 (submitted January 2007);
- 7. Groundwater Monitoring Results, March 2007 (submitted May 2007);
- 8. Groundwater Monitoring Results, June 2007 (submitted August 2007);
- 9. Groundwater Monitoring Results, September 2007 (submitted October 2007);
- 10. Groundwater Monitoring Results, January 2008 (submitted March 2008);
- 11. Groundwater Monitoring Results, April 2008 (submitted May 2008);
- 12. Groundwater Monitoring Results, July 2008 (submitted October 2008);
- 13. Groundwater Monitoring Results, October and December 2008 (submitted February 2009);
- 14. Groundwater Monitoring Results, February 2009 (submitted May 2009);



- 15. Groundwater Monitoring Results, May 2009 (submitted July 2009);
- 16. Groundwater Monitoring Results, July 2009 (submitted September 2009);
- 17. Groundwater Monitoring Results, October 2009 (submitted December 2009);
- 18. Groundwater Monitoring Results, January, February, and March 2010 (submitted April 2010);
- 19. Groundwater Monitoring Results, April 2010 (submitted May 2010);
- 20. Groundwater Monitoring Results, July 2010 (submitted August 2010);
- 21. Groundwater Monitoring Results, October 2010 (submitted December 2010);
- 22. Groundwater Monitoring Results, January 2011 (submitted March 2011); and
- 23. Groundwater Monitoring Results, April 2011 (submitted June 2011).

### 1.2.5 Previous Environmental Investigations

**1998 to 2001 -** From 1998 to 2001, the Navy conducted an investigation at the RHSF to assess potential releases from the fuel USTs and piping systems. In February 2001, the Navy installed a one-inch diameter monitoring well RHMW01 (previously known as MW-V1D) to monitor for contamination of the basal aquifer underlying the RHSF. The well was installed and completed at approximately 100 feet below grade within the lower access tunnel. At the time of well completion, depth to water in RHMW01 was measured at 86 feet below grade (Dawson group, Inc., 2006).

In February 2001, groundwater samples collected from RHMW01 contained TPH concentrations ranging from 883  $\mu$ g/L to 1,050  $\mu$ g/L and total lead ranging from 10.4  $\mu$ g/L to 15  $\mu$ g/L. The total lead concentrations exceeded the DOH Tier 1 Action Level of 5.6  $\mu$ g/L for dissolved lead (Dawson Group, Inc., 2006).

**2005 Groundwater Sampling -** The Navy began quarterly groundwater sampling at existing monitoring wells in 2005. Dawson Group, Inc. collected groundwater samples from RHMW01 and RHMW2254-01 in February 2005, June 2005, September 2005, and December 2005.

Samples collected in February 2005 and June 2005 were not filtered in the field prior to analysis for lead. Analytical results for samples collected from RHMW01 indicated concentrations of total lead were above the DOH Tier 1 Action Level of 5.6  $\mu$ g/L for dissolved lead. The results were not considered appropriate for risk assessment since the sample had not been filtered. In addition, lead was not a component of fuels from the tanks near RHMW01, but was a component in fuels stored in other tanks during the history of the RHSF. Lead may have been part of the RHSF construction material (TEC, 2007). Previous sampling efforts showed elevated lead concentrations when analyzed as unfiltered samples. Subsequent efforts where the lead samples were filtered had resolved this issue. Samples were filtered in September 2005 and December 2005, and dissolved lead concentrations were below the DOH Tier 1 Action Level. Concentrations of all other COPCs were below the DOH Tier 1 Action Levels.

**2005 Site Investigation -** As part of a site investigation, TEC installed three groundwater

monitoring wells at the RHSF between June 2005 and September 2005. Monitoring well RHMW02 was installed in the lower access tunnel near Tank 05 and Tank 06. Monitoring well RHMW03 was installed in the lower access tunnel near Tank 13 and Tank 14. Monitoring well RHMW04 was installed north of the UST Tank 20 to evaluate groundwater within the basal aquifer upgradient from the RHSF. Monitoring wells RHMW02 and RHMW03 were completed to depths of approximately 125 feet below the tunnel floor, and well RHMW04 was completed to a depth of approximately 300 feet below ground surface outside the tunnel. Groundwater samples were collected from the three newly installed wells and two existing wells (RHMW01 and RHMW2254-01) in September 2005 (TEC, 2010).

Naphthalene and trichloroethylene were detected in samples collected from RHMW02 at concentrations greater than the DOH Tier 1 Action Levels. Lead was detected in the sample collected from RHMW01 at a concentration greater than the DOH Tier 1 Action Level; however, the sample was not filtered in the field prior to analysis. Analytical results for filtered samples obtained by Dawson Group, Inc. during the same period indicated concentrations of dissolved lead were below the DOH Tier 1 Action Level (TEC, 2010).

**2006 Site Investigation** - Dedicated sampling pumps were installed in five monitoring wells (RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, RHMW04, and RHMW2254-01). TEC collected groundwater samples from the monitoring wells in July 2006. The groundwater samples were analyzed for petroleum constituents. Naphthalene was detected in samples collected from RHMW02 at concentrations above the DOH Tier 1 Action Level (TEC, 2010).

In September 2006, with concurrence from the DOH, the Navy decided to use the newer DOH EALs for the Red Hill Site Investigation and Risk Assessment project. The EALs provide action levels for more chemicals, and are much more useful for conducting screening risk assessments. Since the DOH (DOH May 2005) Policy Letter stated that the two sets of action levels should not be mixed, the Tier 1 screening levels presented in HAR Section 11-281-78 would no longer be used to evaluate environmental impact at the RHSF (TEC, 2010).

**2006 Groundwater Sampling -** Groundwater samples were collected in December 2006. Analytical results indicated the following:

- no COPCs were detected in samples collected from RHMW2254-01 or RHMW03;
- TPH-DRO concentrations were detected in samples collected from RHMW01 at concentrations above the EAL; and
- TPH-GRO, TPH-DRO, and naphthalene were detected in samples collected from RHMW02 at concentrations above the EALs (TEC, 2010).

**2007 Groundwater Sampling -** Groundwater samples were collected in March, June, and September 2007. Analytical results indicated the following:

- no COPCs were detected above the EALs at RHMW2254-01;
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW01 during all three monitoring events;

- TPH-GRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW02 in March 2007;
- TPH-DRO and naphthalene concentrations exceeded the EALs in samples collected from RHMW02 during all three monitoring events;
- 1-methylnaphthalene and 2-methylnaphthalene concentrations exceeded the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EALs in samples collected from RHMW02 during all three monitoring events; and
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in the sample collected from RHMW03 in June 2007.

**2008 Groundwater Sampling -** Groundwater samples were collected in January, April, July, and October 2008. Analytical results indicated the following:

- no COPCs were detected above the EALs at RHMW2254-01;
- trace detections of 1-methylnaphthalene and naphthalene prompted a resample event in December 2008 at RHMW2254-01, no chemicals were detected above the LODs;
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW01 during all four monitoring events;
- TPH-GRO concentrations did not exceed the EAL in samples collected from RHMW02;
- TPH-DRO, naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene concentrations exceeded the EALs in samples collected from RHMW02. Additionally, the site-specific risk-based level (SSRBL) of 4,500 µg/L for TPH-DRO was exceeded in the October 2008 monitoring event at RHMW02 (Appendix A); and
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW03 during all four monitoring events.

**2009** Groundwater Sampling and RHMW05 Installation - Groundwater samples were collected in February, May, July, and October 2009. In April 2009, a new groundwater monitoring well, RHMW05, was installed by TEC. RHMW05 is located within the lower access tunnel between RHMW01 and RHMW2254-01 (located at the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01). It was installed to identify any contamination migrating past RHMW01 prior to it reaching the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 (TEC, 2010). Analytical results indicated the following:

- no COPCs have been detected above the EALs at RHMW2254-01;
- TPH-GRO concentrations in samples collected from RHMW2254-01 were detected above the LOD and significantly below the LOQ and EAL in February and May 2009;
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW01 during all four monitoring events;
- TPH-GRO concentrations did not exceed the EAL in samples collected from RHMW02;
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW02 during all four monitoring events;

- naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene concentrations exceeded the EALs in samples collected from RHMW02 in February 2009, however only the 1-methylnaphthalene concentration exceeded the EAL in May 2009 and July 2009 and only the naphthalene concentration exceeded the EAL in October 2009;
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW03 in February 2009, but not in May or July 2009; and
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in the samples collected from RHMW05 during the May and July 2009 monitoring events.

**2010 Groundwater Sampling -** Groundwater samples were collected in January, April, July, and October-November 2010 (and TPH-DRO was re-sampled at RHMW02 in February 2010 and March 2010). Analytical results indicated the following:

- no COPCs have been detected above the EALs in samples collected from RHMW2254-01;
- lead was detected in samples collected from RHMW2254-01 at a concentration below the EAL in October-November 2010;
- naphthalene concentrations in the samples collected from RHMW2254-01 were detected below the LOQs and EAL in January and October-November 2010;
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW01 except in October-November 2010 when they were not detected at or above the LOQ;
- Lead was detected in samples collected from RHMW01 at a concentration below the EAL in October-November 2010.
- TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW02 in January, February, March, April, July, and October-November 2010 however, significant increases in January and February 2010 were attributed to tentatively identified compounds (TICs) apparently not associated with petroleum from the RHSF (TEC, 2010);
- naphthalene and 1-methylnaphthalene concentrations exceeded the EALs in samples collected from RHMW02 in January, April, July, and October-November 2010;
- TPH-GRO concentrations exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW02 in October-November 2010; and
- TPH-DRO concentrations in samples collected from RHMW03 were not detected above the LODs in January, April, and July 2010. However, in October-November TPH-DRO was detected above the EAL;
- TPH-DRO concentration exceeded the EAL in samples collected from RHMW05 in January 2010; however, the significant increase was attributed to TICs apparently not associated with petroleum from the RHSF. TPH-DRO concentration was not detected at or above the LOD in October-November 2010;

**2011 Groundwater Sampling** - Groundwater samples were collected in January and April 2011. Analytical results indicated the following:

- no COPCs were detected at or above the LODs and LOQs in samples collected from RHMW2254-01 in January and April 2011;
- no COPCs were detected at or above the LODs and LOQs in samples collected from RHMW01 in January 2011;
- TPH-DRO and 1-methylnaphthalene and were detected at concentrations which exceeded the EALs in samples collected from RHMW02 in January and April 2011;
- naphthalene was detected at a concentration which exceeded the EAL in samples collected at RHMW02 in January 2011, however in April 2011 naphthalene was detected at a concentration below the EAL;
- acenaphthene and 2-methylnaphthalene were detected at concentrations below the EALs at RHMW02 in January 2011;
- TPH-GRO and 2-methylaphthalene were detected at concentrations below the EALs at RHMW02 in April 2011;
- TPH-GRO, acenaphthylene, fluorene, and xylenes were detected at estimated concentrations below the EALs at RHMW02 in January 2011. Acenaphthene, acenaphthylene, fluorene, and xylenes were detected at estimated concentrations below the EALs in April 2011. All other COPCs in RHMW02 were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs in January and April 2011;
- no COPCs were detected at or above the LODs and LOQs in samples collected from RHMW03 and RHMW05 in January and April 2011;

### 1.2.6 Regulatory Updates

During the summer and fall of 2008 DOH updated their EALs which resulted in significant changes to the action levels associated with methylnaphthalenes. The drinking water toxicity EAL for these compounds was 240  $\mu$ g/L. This concentration presumed that methylnaphthalenes were non-carcinogenic. Evidence that they are human carcinogens has now been accepted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). As a result, DOH adopted more rigorous EALs of 4.7  $\mu$ g/L for 1-methylnaphthalene and 24  $\mu$ g/L for 2-methylnaphthalene, corresponding to a residential tap water scenario, and a one in a million cancer risk (DOH, 2009). As a result of the EAL changing from 240  $\mu$ g/L to 4.7  $\mu$ g/L, concentrations of 1-methylnaphthalene collected from RMHW2254-01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05 previously categorized as under the EAL are now over the EAL.

Also, the drinking water EAL for naphthalene was increased from 6.2  $\mu$ g/L to 17  $\mu$ g/L (DOH, 2009). Finally, the DOH Drinking Water EAL for TPH-DRO was increased from 100  $\mu$ g/L to 210  $\mu$ g/L, although the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EAL for TPH-DRO remains 100  $\mu$ g/L.

## Section 2 Groundwater Monitoring Activities

Groundwater monitoring was conducted at the five monitoring wells (RHMW2254-01, RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05) on July 19 and 20, 2011 using procedures described in the Work Plan (Environet, 2010). Field activities were documented in the field notebook (Appendix B).

### 2.1 Oil/Water Interface Measurements

The presence and thickness of LNAPL, otherwise known as "free product", released from the USTs is monitored at the RHSF. Groundwater gauging measurements were collected at the five monitoring wells prior to purging and sample collection. A Solinst<sup>®</sup> oil/water interface probe was used to measure the depth to groundwater, as well as detect the presence and thickness of LNAPL to the nearest 0.01 foot, according to the procedures described in Procedure I-C-3, *Monitoring Well Sampling* (DON, 2007).

### 2.2 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples were collected from the five monitoring wells according to the procedures described in Procedure I-C-3, *Monitoring Well Sampling* (DON, 2007).

### 2.2.1 Monitoring Well Purging

Each monitoring well was purged using a dedicated bladder pump system. Groundwater was purged at a low flow rate (less than one liter per minute) using the dedicated bladder pump system until three or more successive water quality parameter measurements had stabilized within 10 percent. A Horiba<sup>®</sup> U-22 multi-parameter water quality meter was used to measure hydrogen activity (pH), temperature, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen, turbidity, and oxidation reduction potential. At least four to six readings were recorded in Groundwater Sampling Log data sheets (Appendix C).

### 2.2.2 Groundwater Sample Collection

Groundwater samples were collected using dedicated bladder pump systems. Groundwater samples were collected directly into laboratory provided specially cleaned sample containers already containing the appropriate preservatives (i.e., nitric acid for dissolved lead analysis). The dissolved lead samples were filtered in the field, and placed in polyethylene bottles containing preservatives.

### 2.2.3 Sample Management and Shipment

Each sample container sent to the laboratory was assigned a project-specific chain-of-custody identification number and a descriptive identification number. The sample identifiers provided specific data unique to each sample and were entered into the field notebook. The samples were labeled according to the procedures described in Procedure III-E, *Record Keeping, Sample Labeling, and Chain-of-Custody* (DON, 2007).

Following sample collection and labeling, the sample containers were bubble-wrapped and placed into individual ZipLoc<sup>®</sup> bags, then immediately into insulated coolers with ice for preservation. The samples were shipped via FedEx to the laboratory on the same day of collection or the following day. The samples were managed under standard chain-of-custody protocol and documentation from collection to delivery to the laboratory. Sample handling, storage, and transport were performed according to the requirements described in Procedure III-F, *Sample Handling, Storage, and Shipping* (DON, 2007).

### 2.3 Analytical Program

Five primary groundwater samples, one duplicate groundwater sample, one trip blank sample for VOCs and TPH-GRO analyses, and one quality control (QC) groundwater sample (i.e., matrix spike (MS)/matrix spike duplicate (MSD)) were submitted to APPL, Inc. located in Clovis, California. Groundwater samples were analyzed for VOCs and TPH-GRO by EPA Method 8260B, TPH-DRO by EPA Method 8015B, PAHs by EPA Method 8270D SIM, and dissolved lead by EPA Method 6020. The results of the laboratory analyses are presented and discussed in Section 3.

## 2.4 Field Quality Control Samples

Field QC procedures were followed to ensure viability and integrity of sample analytical data. Field duplicates were collected according to the procedures described in Procedure III-B, *Field QC Samples (Water, Soil)* (DON, 2007) and the Work Plan (Environet, 2010). Field duplicate samples were collected at a minimum of 10 percent of primary samples and analyzed for the same contaminants. Field rinsate samples were not required since dedicated bladder pump systems were used.

## 2.5 Laboratory Quality Control Samples

Laboratory QC samples were analyzed as part of the standard laboratory QC protocols as presented in the Work Plan (Environet, 2010). Laboratory QC for the monitoring event consisted of method blanks, laboratory control samples (LCS), surrogate spikes, and MS/MSD. Laboratory QC samples were prepared and analyzed according to the procedures described in Procedure III-A *Laboratory QC Samples (Water, Soil)* (DON, 2007). Laboratory QC MS/MSD samples are an aliquot (i.e., a subset) of the field sample that is spiked with accurate amounts of target analytes. They are not separate samples, but a special designation of an existing sample. Laboratory QC MS/MSD samples were analyzed for the same constituents as the standard samples. At a minimum, one MS/MSD sample pair was required per 20 samples, including field QC samples.

## 2.6 Equipment Decontamination

Decontamination of monitoring equipment was performed to ensure data quality, to prevent cross contamination, and to prevent the potential introduction of contaminants into previously un-impacted areas. Decontamination of monitoring equipment (i.e., Solinst<sup>®</sup> oil/water interface probe and Horiba<sup>®</sup> multi-parameter U-22 water quality meter) was conducted between monitoring locations according to the procedures described in Procedure I-F, *Equipment* 

*Decontamination* (DON, 2007). Decontamination water was disposed of in the RHSF's lower tunnel oil/water separator sump.

### 2.7 Investigation-Derived Waste Management

Investigation-derived waste (IDW) was managed in accordance with the procedures described in Procedure I-A-6, *IDW Management* (DON, 2007). The various potential waste streams included the following:

- personal protective equipment (PPE) including: nitrile gloves, etc.;
- liquids including: equipment rinse water and purged groundwater; and
- disposable sampling equipment and supplies, including: poly sheeting, etc.

Equipment rinse water and purge water were disposed of in the RHSF's lower tunnel oil/water separator sump.

## Section 3 Groundwater Monitoring Results

This section provides a summary of analytical results for groundwater samples collected from the five monitoring wells on July 19 and 20, 2011. Complete analytical laboratory reports are provided in Appendix D.

### 3.1 Results of Oil/Water Interface Measurements

Free product was not observed at RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05 during the July 2011 sampling event. The trend of free product measurements over time show that in January 2008, LNAPL was measured in monitoring wells RHMW01 and RHMW02 at a thickness of less than 0.01 feet, but was not observed in other monitoring wells. Since the thickness of less than 0.01 feet observed in January 2008, no free product has been observed in any of these RHSF monitoring wells (Table 3-1).

### 3.2 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results

All DLs, LODs, and LOQs were generally below the EALs. In the case where an EAL for a specific COPC is less than the LOQ, it is generally acceptable to consider the LOQ in place of the EAL (DOH, 2009).

### <u>RHMW2254-01</u>

Dissolved lead was detected at 1.9  $\mu$ g/L, which was below the DOH Drinking Water EAL (15  $\mu$ g/L) and the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EAL (5,000  $\mu$ g/L). All other COPCs were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

### <u>RHMW01</u>

TPH-DRO was detected at 290  $\mu$ g/L which exceeded both the DOH Drinking Water EAL (210  $\mu$ g/L) and the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EAL (100  $\mu$ g/L). Dissolved lead and naphthalene were detected at estimated concentrations of 0.17  $\mu$ g/L and 0.12  $\mu$ g/L, respectively which were below DOH EALs. All other COPCs were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

### <u>RHMW02</u>

TPH-DRO was detected at 1,100  $\mu$ g/L which exceeded both the DOH Drinking Water EAL (210  $\mu$ g/L) and the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EAL (100  $\mu$ g/L) (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

Acenaphthene (0.31  $\mu$ g/L), 1-methylnaphthalene (0.85  $\mu$ g/L), naphthalene (2.2  $\mu$ g/L), and dissolved lead (1.2  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at concentrations which were below both the DOH Drinking Water EALs (370  $\mu$ g/L for acenaphthene, 4.7  $\mu$ g/L for 1-methylnaphthalene, 17  $\mu$ g/L for naphthalene, and 15  $\mu$ g/L for dissolved lead) and the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EALs (20  $\mu$ g/L for acenaphthene, 10  $\mu$ g/L for 1-methylnaphthalene, 21  $\mu$ g/L for naphthalene, and 5,000  $\mu$ g/L for lead) (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

Fluorene (0.088  $\mu$ g/L) and 2-methylnaphthalene (0.16  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at estimated concentrations which were below both the DOH Drinking Water EALs (240  $\mu$ g/L for fluorene and 24  $\mu$ g/L for 2-methylnaphthalene) and the DOH Groundwater Gross Contamination EALs (950  $\mu$ g/L for fluorene, and 10  $\mu$ g/L for 2-methylnaphthalene). All other COPCs were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

### <u>RHMW03</u>

Dissolved lead (0.33  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at an estimated concentration which was below both the DOH Drinking Water EAL (15  $\mu$ g/L) and the DOH Groundwater Gross contamination EAL (5,000  $\mu$ g/L). All other COPCs were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

### <u>RHMW05</u>

Dissolved lead (0.24  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at an estimated concentration which was below both the DOH Drinking Water EAL (15  $\mu$ g/L) and the DOH Groundwater Gross contamination EAL (5,000  $\mu$ g/L). All other COPCs were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs (Table 3-2 and Appendix D).

### 3.3 Groundwater Contaminant Trend

Groundwater samples have been collected and analyzed in monitoring wells RHMW01, RHMW02, and RHMW03 since September 2005, and in monitoring well RHMW05 since May 2009 (Appendix A). Monitoring well RHMW2254-01 was installed in February 2005. The following is a discussion of COPCs that exceeded DOH Drinking Water EALs during two or more recent consecutive sampling events of increasing or decreasing concentrations, thus establishing a trend:

### <u>RHMW2254-01</u>

COPCs have never been detected at RHMW2254-01 at concentrations greater than the DOH Drinking Water EALs.

### <u>RHMW01</u>

Concentrations of TPH-DRO have been greater than the DOH Drinking Water EAL between September 2005 and July 2010, and again in April 2011 and July 2011 but less than 25 percent of the SSRBL of 4,500  $\mu$ g/L. TPH-DRO concentrations decreased from October 2008 through July 2009; increased in October 2009 (299F  $\mu$ g/L), January 2010 (312F  $\mu$ g/L), and April 2010 (377  $\mu$ g/L); decreased in July 2010 (228F  $\mu$ g/L); and was not detected above the LODs and LOQs in October-November 2010 and January 2011. TPH-DRO concentrations increased to above the EAL in April 2011 and July 2011 (Appendix A).

### <u>RHMW02</u>

The averages of primary and duplicate samples were used for determining contaminant trends.

		PHMW01			COMMHA			PHMM03			PHMW05	
	Elevation =	_	ft. <sup>1</sup>	Elevation =	104.76	ft. <sup>1</sup>	Elevation =	121.06	ft. <sup>1</sup>	Elevation =		ft.1
Date	DTW (TOC)		LNAPL	DTW (TOC)	SWL	LNAPL	DTW (TOC)	SWL	LNAPL	DTW (TOC)	SWL	LNAPL
Sep-2007	$NT^2$	$NT^2$	$NT^2$	86.80	17.96	NP	103.44	17.62	dN	ł	~	2
Jan-2008	84.67	17.60	<0.01	86.23	18.53	<0.01	$NT^3$	$NT^3$	$NT^3$	٢	2	ł
Jul-2008	83.37	18.90	00.0	86.10	18.66	0.00	102.45	18.61	00.0	ł	ł	ı
Oct-2008	83.80	18.47	0.00	86.45	18.31	0.00	102.49	18.57	0.00	ı	ł	ł
Nov-2008	83.91	18.36	00.0	86.56	18.20	0.00	102.80	18.26	00.0	ł	ł	ı
Jan-2009	83.13	19.14	0.00	85.79	18.97	0.00	102.04	19.02	0.00	ı	ł	ł
Feb-2009	NT <sup>4</sup>	$NT^4$	NT⁴	86.35	18.41	0.00	102.56	18.50	0.00	2	٢	٢
Mar-2009	83.82	18.45	0.00	86.44	18.32	0.00	102.64	18.42	0.00	ł	Z	ł
May-2009 <sup>5</sup>	83.72	18.55	0.00	86.37	18.39	0.00	102.59	18.47	0.00	$NT^6$	NT <sup>6</sup>	NT <sup>6</sup>
May-2009	83.50	18.77	0.00	86.15	18.61	0.00	102.41	18.65	0.00	$NT^6$	NT <sup>6</sup>	NT <sup>6</sup>
Jul-2009 <sup>7</sup>	83.75	18.52	00.0	86.42	18.34	00.0	102.67	18.39	00.0	83.09	18.46	0.00
Aug-2009	84.04	18.23	00.0	86.71	18.05	0.00	102.84	18.22	00.0	83.51	18.04	0.00
Sep-2009	84.21	18.06	0.00	86.84	17.92	0.00	103.07	17.99	0.00	83.61	17.94	0.00
Oct-2009	84.24	18.03	0.00	86.87	17.89	0.00	103.07	17.99	0.00	83.62	17.93	0.00
Nov-2009	83.91	18.36	0.00	86.56	18.20	0.00	102.81	18.25	0.00	83.25	18.30	0.00
Dec-2009	84.12	18.15	0.00	86.75	18.01	0.00	103.00	18.06	0.00	83.53	18.02	0.00
Jan-2010	84.36	17.91	0.00	87.00	17.76	0.00	103.22	17.84	0.00	83.75	17.80	0.00
Feb-2010	84.24	18.03	0.00	86.89	17.87	0.00	103.14	17.92	0.00	83.60	17.95	0.00
Mar-2010		17.74	0.00	87.15	17.61	0.00	103.38	17.68	0.00	83.96	17.59	0.00
Apr-2010	84.75	17.52	00.0	87.37	17.39	0.00	103.60	17.46	00.0	84.17	17.38	0.00
May-2010		17.47	0.00	87.43	17.33	0.00	103.66	17.40	0.00	84.23	17.32	0.00
Jun-2010	84.87	17.40	0.00	87.51	17.25	0.00	103.74	17.32	0.00	84.30	17.25	0.00
Jul-2010	85.03	17.24	0.00	87.66	17.10	0.00	103.89	17.17	0.00	84.48	17.07	0.00
Sep-2010	85.30	16.97	0.00	87.92	16.84	0.00	104.13	16.93	0.00	84.71	16.84	0.00
Oct-2010	85.29	16.98	0.00	87.91	16.85	0.00	104.13	16.93	0.00	84.75	16.80	0.00
Nov-2010	85.20	17.07	0.00	87.84	16.92	0.00	104.30	16.76	0.00	84.60	16.95	0.00
Dec-2010	84.87	17.40	0.00	87.55	17.21	0.00	103.98	17.08	0.00	84.22	17.33	0.00
Jan-2011	85.32	16.95	0.00	86.91	17.85	0.00	103.41	17.65	0.00	83.65	17.90	0.00
Feb-2011	83.82	18.45	0.00	86.48	18.28	0.00	103.02	18.04	0.00	83.20	18.35	0.00
Mar-2011	83.77	18.50	0.00	86.39	18.37	0.00	102.87	18.19	0.00	83.20	18.35	0.00
Apr-2011	83.54	18.73	0.00	86.18	18.58	0.00	102.39	18.67	0.00	82.90	18.65	0.00
May-2011	83.39	18.88	0.00	86.39	18.37	0.00	102.69	18.37	0.00	82.72	18.83	0.00
Jun-2011	83.41	18.86	0.00	86.11	18.65	0.00	102.33	18.73	0.00	82.81	18.74	0.00
Jul-2011	83.57	18.70	0.00	86.22	18.54	0.00	102.44	18.62	0.00	82.99	18.56	0.00

Table 3-1: Red Hill Oil/Water Interface Measurements, September 2007 through July 2011

Notes:

Elevations were updated based on the Groundwater Flow Direction/Gradient and Tier 3 Risk Assessment Re-evaluation Leiter Report, Red Hill Buk Fuel Storage Facility, Pean Harbor, HI, Contract #W47408-04-D-8514, Task Order 54, dated April 15, 2010.

<sup>2</sup> A measurement was not taken at RHMW01 in September 2007.

<sup>3</sup> A measurement was not taken at RHMW03 in January 2008 due to equipment malfunction.

<sup>4</sup> A measurement was not taken at RHMW01. The monitoring well was inaccessible due to extensive work being conducted at Tank 02.

 $^5$  The April 2009 measurements were pushed back a week (to 5/6/09) due to RHMW05 installation.

<sup>6</sup> Measurements were not taken at RHMW05 until the installation of the dedicated oil/water interface probe was completed.

<sup>7</sup> The June 2009 measurements were skipped due to the installation of dedicated oil/water interface probes.

Units are in feet (ft.).

Measurements recorded prior to September 2010 were collected by TEC. Measurements recorded in September 2010 and after were collected by Environet. DTW (TOC) - depth to water from top of well casing

LNAPL - light non-aqueous phase liquid attributed to the Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility

NP - measurement not provided

NT - measurement not taken

SWL - static water level

- period prior to the installation of RHMW05

< - less than

#### Table 3-2: Analytical Results for Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring, July 2011

Method	Chemical	DOH Drinking Water EALs for Human	DOH Groundwater Gross	R	HMW2254 (ES040)	-01			MW01 S041)				RHMW02 (ES037)				AW03 8035)			RHM (ES		
meniou	Circinitai	Toxicity <sup>a</sup>	Contamination EALs <sup>a</sup>	Result Q I	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	OD DL	Result	Q LOQ		DL	Result		DQ LOD	DL	Result	Q LOQ	LOD	DL	Result	Q LOQ	LOD	DL
PA 8015B (Petroleum)	TPH-DRO	210	100	ND U	150 <sup>b</sup> 80	0.8 40.4	290	++ 150 <sup>b</sup>	80.8	40.4	1,100	++ 1:	60 <sup>b</sup> 80.8	40.4	ND	U 150 <sup>b</sup>	80.8	40.4	ND	U 150 <sup>b</sup>	80.8	40.4
PA 8260 B (Petroleum)	TPH-GRO	100	100	ND U	20.0 12	2.12 6.06	ND	U 20.0	12.12	6.06	ND	U 2	0.0 12.12	6.06	ND	U 20.0	12.12	6.06	ND	U 20.0	12.12	6.06
	Acenaphthene	370	20	ND U	0.2 0.	.12 0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	0.31	(	.2 0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06
	Acenaphthylene	240	2,000	ND U	0.2 0.	.12 0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	ND	U O	.2 0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06
	Anthracene	1,800	22	ND U	0.2 0.	.10 0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05	ND	U 0	.2 0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05
	Benzo(a)anthracene	0.092	4.7	ND U	$0.2^{b}$ 0.	.14 0.07	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0	2 <sup>b</sup> 0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2b	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.14	0.07
	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1,500	0.13	ND U	$0.2^{b}$ 0.	.16 0.08	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.16	0.08	ND	U 0	2 <sup>b</sup> 0.16	0.08	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.16	0.08	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.16	0.08
	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.2	0.81		0.2 0.	.14 0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07	ND	U	.2 0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07
	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.092	0.75	ND U	$0.2^{b}$ 0.	.12 0.06	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0	2 <sup>b</sup> 0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.12	0.06
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.92	0.4			.14 0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07	ND	U	.2 0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07
EPA 8270D SIM (PAHs)	Chrysene	9.2	1			.10 0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05	ND		.2 0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05
EPA 82/0D SIM (PARS)	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.0092	0.52	ND U	$0.2^{b}$ 0.	.10 0.05	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.10	0.05	ND	U 0	2 <sup>b</sup> 0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.10	0.05
	Fluoranthene	1,500	130			.16 0.08	ND	U 0.2	0.16	0.08	ND		.2 0.16	0.08	ND	U 0.2	0.16	0.08	ND	U 0.2	0.16	0.08
	Fluorene	240	950			.12 0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	0.088		.2 0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06
	Ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.092	0.095	ND U	0.2 <sup>b</sup> 0.	.14 0.07	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0	2 <sup>b</sup> 0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	0.14	0.07
	1-Methylnaphthalene	4.7	10			.12 0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	0.85		.2 0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06
	2-Methylnaphthalene	24	10			.12 0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	0.16		.2 0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06	ND	U 0.2	0.12	0.06
	Naphthalene	17	21			.10 0.05	0.12	J 0.2	0.10	0.05	2.2		.2 0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05	ND	U 0.2	0.10	0.05
	Phenanthrene	240	410	ND U	0.2 0.	.14 0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07	ND	U O	.2 0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2	0.14	0.07
	Pyrene	180	68	ND U	0.2 0.	.16 0.08	ND	U 0.2	0.16	0.08	ND	U 0	.2 0.16	0.08	ND	U 0.2	0.16	0.08	ND	U 0.2	0.16	0.08
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200	970	ND U		.28 0.14	ND	U 1.0	0.28	0.14	ND		.0 0.28	0.14	ND	U 1.0	0.28	0.14	ND	U 1.0	0.28	0.14
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	50,000	ND U	1.0 0.	.40 0.20	ND	U 1.0	0.40	0.20	ND		.0 0.40	0.20	ND	U 1.0	0.40	0.20	ND	U 1.0	0.40	0.20
	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.4	50,000	ND U		.38 0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND		.0 0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19
	1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-Dichloroethene)	7	1,500			.60 0.30	ND	U 1.0	0.60	0.30	ND		.0 0.60	0.30	ND	U 1.0	0.60	0.30	ND	U 1.0	0.60	0.30
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.6	50,000		2.0 0	.78 0.39	ND	U 2.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.78	0.39	ND		.0 0.78	0.39	ND	U 2.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.78	0.39	ND	U 2.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.78	0.39
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	70	3,000			.42 0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.42	0.21	ND		.0 0.42	0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.42	0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.42	0.21
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.04	10			.52 0.76	ND	U 2.0 <sup>b</sup>	1.52	0.76	ND	U 2	0 <sup>b</sup> 1.52	0.76	ND	U 2.0 <sup>b</sup>	1.52	0.76	ND	U 2.0 <sup>b</sup>	1.52	0.76
	1,2-Dibromoethane	0.0065	50,000	ND U	$1.0^{b}$ 0.	.40 0.20	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.40	0.20	ND	U 1	0 <sup>b</sup> 0.40	0.20	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.40	0.20	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.40	0.20
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	600	10	ND U	1.0 0.	.34 0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	ND	U 1	.0 0.34	0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17
	1,2-Dichloroethane	0.15	7,000	ND U	$1.0^{b}$ 0.	.28 0.14	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.28	0.14	ND	U 1	0 <sup>b</sup> 0.28	0.14	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.28	0.14	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.28	0.14
	1,2-Dichloropropane	5	10			.34 0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	ND	U 1	.0 0.34	0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	180	50,000			.22 0.11	ND	U 1.0	0.22	0.11	ND		.0 0.22	0.11	ND	U 1.0	0.22	0.11	ND	U 1.0	0.22	0.11
	1,3-Dichloropropene (total of cis/trans)	0.43	50,000	ND U		.36 0.18	ND	U 1.0	0.36	0.18	ND		.0 0.36	0.18	ND	U 1.0	0.36	0.18	ND	U 1.0	0.36	0.18
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	75	5	ND U		.38 0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND		.0 0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19
	Acetone	22,000	20,000	ND U ND U		.90 0.95	ND ND	U 10.0	1.90	0.95	ND ND		$\frac{0.0}{0}$ $\frac{1.90}{0.22}$	0.95	ND ND	U 10.0	1.90	0.95	ND ND	U 10.0	1.90	0.95
	Benzene Brenze dichleren ethane	5				.32 0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32	0.16	ND		0.00.32	0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32		ND	U 1.0	0.32	
	Bromodichloromethane	0.22	50,000			.28 0.14		$U 1.0^{b}$	0.28	0.14	ND		$0^{b}$ 0.28	0.14		U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.28	0.14		U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.28	0.14
	Bromoform Bromomethane	100 8.7	510 50,000	ND U ND U		.28 0.14 .48 0.24	ND ND	U 1.0	0.28	0.14	ND ND		.0 0.28	0.14	ND ND	U 1.0	0.28	0.14 0.24	ND ND	U 1.0	0.28	0.14
	Carbon Tetrachloride	8./	520	ND U		.48 0.24 .20 0.10	ND ND	U 2.0 U 1.0	0.48	0.24	ND		.0 0.48 .0 0.20	0.24	ND ND	U 2.0 U 1.0	0.48	0.24	ND ND	U 2.0 U 1.0	0.48	0.24 0.10
EPA 8260 B (VOCs)	Chlorobenzene	100	50	ND U		.42 0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.20	0.10	ND		.0 0.20	0.10	ND	U 1.0	0.20	0.10	ND	U 1.0	0.20	0.10
	Chloroethane	8,600	16	ND U		.42 0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.42	0.21	ND		.0 0.42	0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.42	0.21	ND	U 1.0	0.42	0.21
	Chloroform	70	2,400			.14 0.07	ND	U 1.0	0.14	0.07	ND		.0 0.14	0.07	ND	U 1.0	0.14	0.07	ND	U 1.0	0.14	0.07
	Chloromethane	1.8	50,000	ND U	1.0 0.	.62 0.31	ND	U 1.0	0.62	0.31	ND		.0 0.62	0.31	ND	U 1.0	0.62	0.31	ND	U 1.0	0.62	0.31
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (cis-1,2-Dichloroethene)	70	50,000	ND U	1.0 0.	.32 0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32	0.16	ND	U 1	.0 0.32	0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32	0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32	0.16
	Dibromochloromethane (Chlorodibromomethane)	0.16	50,000	ND U	1.0 <sup>b</sup> 0.	.38 0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND	U 1	0 <sup>b</sup> 0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.38	0.19
	Ethylbenzene	700	30		1.0 0.	.46 0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.46	0.23	ND	U 1	.0 0.46	0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.46	0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.46	0.23
	Hexachlorobutadiene	0.86	6	ND U		.38 0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND		.0 0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19
	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone)	7,100	8,400			.20 0.60	ND	U 10.0	1.20	0.60	ND		1.20	0.60	ND	U 10.0	1.20	0.60	ND	U 10.0	1.20	0.60
	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4-Methyl-2-pentanone)	2,000	1,300			.80 1.90	ND	U 10.0	3.80	1.90	ND		$\frac{0.0}{0}$ $\frac{3.80}{0.28}$	1.90	ND ND	U 10.0	3.80	1.90	ND	U 10.0	3.80	1.90
	Methyl tert-butyl Ether	12	0 100	ND U ND U		.38 0.19	ND ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND ND		0 0.38	0.19	ND ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19
	Methylene chloride Styrene	4.8	9,100	ND U ND U		.70 0.35 .50 0.25	ND ND	U 5.0 U 1.0	0.70	0.35	ND ND		.0 0.70 .0 0.50	0.35	ND ND	U 5.0 U 1.0	0.70	0.35	ND ND	U 5.0 U 1.0	0.70	0.35
	Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,1,2-	0.52	50,000	ND U		.26 0.13	ND	U 1.0	0.30	0.23	ND		.0 0.30	0.23	ND ND	U 1.0	0.30	0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.30	0.23
	Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2-	0.067	500	ND U		.20 0.13	ND	U 1 0 <sup>b</sup>	0.20	0.10	ND		0 <sup>b</sup> 0.20	0.10	ND	U 1.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.20	0.10	ND	U 1 0 <sup>b</sup>	0.20	0.10
	Tetrachloroethylene (Tetrachloroethene)	5	170	ND U		.30 0.15	ND	U 1.0	0.20	0.15	ND		0 0.20	0.10	ND	U 1.0	0.20	0.10	ND	U 1.0	0.20	0.15
	Toluene	1,000	40			.34 0.17	ND	U 1.0		0.13	ND		.0 0.30	0.13	ND	U 1.0	0.30	0.13	ND	U 1.0	0.30	0.13
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans-1,2-Dichloroethene)	100	260			.38 0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	ND		.0 0.34	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17
	Trichloroethylene (Trichloroethene)	5	310			.32 0.16		U 1.0	0.30	0.16	ND		.0 0.32	0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32	0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.30	0.15
	Vinyl chloride	2	3,400			.46 0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.46	0.23	ND		.0 0.46	0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.46	0.23		U 1.0	0.46	0.23
	Xylenes	10,000	20	ND U		.38 0.19		U 1.0	0.38	0.19	ND		.0 0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0	0.38	0.19		U 1.0	0.38	0.19
EPA 6020	Lead	15	5,000		0.5 0.	.22 0.11		J 0.5		0.11	1.2		.5 0.22	0.11	0.33	J 0.5		0.11		J 0.5	0.22	0.11

All units are in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

<sup>a</sup> DOH EALs (DOH, 2009): Table D-1b. Groundwater Action Levels (Groundwater is a current or potential drinking water resource; surface water body is not located within 150 meters of release site). <sup>b</sup> In the case where an EAL for a specific chemical is less than the LOQ for a commercial laboratory, it is generally acceptable to consider the LOQ in place of the action level (DOH, Evaluation of Environmental Hazards at Sites with Contaminated Soil and Groundwater 2008, updated March 2009).

++ The analyst has noted that the chromatogram of this sample is mainly a match to hydrocarbons within the range of diesel fuel.

DL - detection limit or method detection limit (MDL)

DRO - diesel range organics

J - Estimated result. Indicates that the compound was identified but the concentration was above the DL and below the LOQ.

LOD - limit of detection LOQ - limit of quantitation or reporting limit (RL)

ND - not detected

PAHs - polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons Q - data qualifier

TPH - total petroleum hydrocarbons

U - Indicates the compound or analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The result is reported as ND.
 VOC - volatile organic compound
 Bold - Result exceeds one or both DOH EALs.

GRO - gasoline range organics

From September 2005 through February 2009, TPH-DRO concentrations exceeded the DOH Drinking Water EAL of 210  $\mu$ g/L and were greater than 50 percent of the SSRBL (estimated solubility limit of 4,500  $\mu$ g/L). The concentration of TPH-DRO was relatively stable until July 2008 and October 2008 when the concentrations increased, with the October 2008 average also exceeding the SSRBL of 4,500  $\mu$ g/L.

TPH-DRO concentrations decreased from October 2008 through July 2009. In May 2009 and July 2009, TPH-DRO remained above the DOH Drinking Water EAL, but was below 50 percent of the SSRBL of 4,500  $\mu$ g/L. In October 2009, TPH-DRO began an increasing trend greater than 50 percent of the SSRBL which continued through February 2010 when it exceeded the SSRBL due to TICs apparently not associated with petroleum from the RHSF (TEC, 2010). In March 2010 (2,490  $\mu$ g/L) and April 2010 (2,215  $\mu$ g/L), TPH-DRO exhibited a decreasing trend and the TICs detected in the two previous monitoring events were not observed. During July 2010, TPH-DRO concentrations at RHMW02 increased to an average concentration of 3,085  $\mu$ g/L, above 50 percent of the SSRBL of 4,500  $\mu$ g/L. During October-November 2010, TPH-DRO concentrations decreased to 1,700  $\mu$ g/L, and in January 2011 concentrations decreased further to 1,040  $\mu$ g/L, below 50 percent of the SSRBL. TPH-DRO exhibited a concentration detected at 1,100  $\mu$ g/L in April 2011; however concentrations increased to 1,450  $\mu$ g/L in July 2011.

Since September 2005, TPH-GRO concentrations have remained below the EAL, except in July 2006 (145  $\mu$ g/L), December 2006 (124  $\mu$ g/L), March 2007 (135  $\mu$ g/L), and October-November 2010 (155  $\mu$ g/L).

From September 2005 through October 2008, naphthalene concentrations remained above the EAL and were relatively stable. In February 2009, naphthalene concentrations began decreasing and reached the lowest average concentration in May 2009 (2  $\mu$ g/L) which was below the EAL. From July 2009 through July 2010, concentrations increased above the EAL. Then in October-November 2010 and January 2011, naphthalene concentrations decreased slightly to concentrations which were still above the EAL. In April 2011 naphthalene concentrations decreased to below the EAL. Concentrations of naphthalene remained below the EAL in July 2011.

Similar to the naphthalene concentration trend, 1-methylnaphthalene concentrations remained relatively stable from September 2005 through October 2008. In February 2009, 1-methylnaphthalene began decreasing and reached the lowest average concentration in October 2009 (3.2  $\mu$ g/L) which was below the EALs. In January 2010, 1-methylnaphthalene concentrations increased above the EALs; then decreased in April 2010; and have exhibited an increasing trend from July 2010 through January 2011 (Appendix A). The average concentration (5.1  $\mu$ g/L) for 1-methylnaphthalene in April 2011 decreased to slightly above the DOH Drinking Water EAL of 4.7  $\mu$ g/L. The average concentration for 1-methylnaphthalene in July 2011 decreased to below the DOH EALs.

Since October 2008, the concentrations of 2-methylnaphthalene have remained below the EALs.

### <u>RHMW03</u>

Historically, concentrations of TPH-DRO have fluctuated around the DOH Drinking Water EAL, but have been significantly lower than corresponding values observed at RHMW01 and RHMW02. TPH-DRO concentrations have decreased since October 2008 dropping below the LODs in May 2009 through July 2010.

However, during the October-November 2010 groundwater monitoring event, TPH-DRO was detected at the highest concentration to date (330  $\mu$ g/L) which was above the EAL. In January 2011, April 2011 and this July 2011 groundwater monitoring event, TPH-DRO concentrations decreased to below the LODs.

### <u>RHMW05</u>

There was an increasing trend for TPH-DRO since it was first sampled in May 2009 through January 2010. Starting with the July 2009 monitoring event, TPH-DRO concentrations were greater than the DOH Drinking Water EAL ( $210 \mu g/L$ ) with the highest concentration of 2,060  $\mu g/L$  being observed in January 2010. It is important to note that the January 2010 concentration contained TICs apparently not associated with petroleum from the RHSF (TEC, 2010). However, in April 2010, July 2010, October-November 2010, January 2011, April 2011, and July 2011 TPH-DRO concentrations exhibited a decrease and were not detected at or above the LOD or LOQ.

### 3.4 Groundwater Status

Facility-specific contaminants of concern are defined as petroleum-related chemicals that have been observed in the groundwater samples above the DOH Drinking Water EALs. In accordance with the Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Final Groundwater Protection Plan (TEC, 2008), Table 3-3 defines these RHSF-specific compounds and their associated SSRBLs and updated EALs (DOH, 2009).

In addition, the Groundwater Protection Plan defines four Results Categories of groundwater status for the RHSF, based on concentrations of COPCs detected in samples collected from RHMW2254-01, RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05, and requires specific responses when these categories are observed during quarterly groundwater sampling (Table 3-4). The current Results Categories for the monitoring wells were determined using the July 2011 analytical data (Table 3-5).

#### Table 3-3: Action Levels for Contaminants of Concern

Chemical	DOH Drinking Water EAL (µg/L)	SSRBL (µg/L)
Petroleum Mixtures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·
TPH-DRO	210	4,500
TPH-GRO	100	4,500
Semi-Volatile Compounds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1-Methylnaphthalene	4.7	N/A
2-Methylnaphthalene	24	N/A
Naphthalene	17	N/A

Notes:

N/A - not applicable

SSRBLs are applicable at RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05

EALs are applicable at RHMW2254-01

#### Table 3-4: Results Categories and Response Actions to Changes in Groundwater Status

Results Category	RHMW02, RHMW03, or RHMW05*	RHMW01	RHMW2254-01
Results Category 1: Result above detection limit but below drinking water EAL and trend for all compounds stable or decreasing	А	А	A, D, M, E
Results Category 2: Trend for any compound increasing or drinking water EAL exceeded	А, В	А, В	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, K, L, O
Results Category 3: Result Between 1/10X SSRBL and SSRBL for benzene, or between 1/2X SSRBL and SSRBL for TPH	A, B, G, H, I, J	A, B, E, G, H, I, J	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, I, J, K, L, O
Results Category 4: Result Exceeding any SSRBL or	A, C, D, E, F, I,	A, C, D, E, F, I, J,	A, C, D, E, F, G, I,
petroleum product observed	J, K, M, N	K, M, N, O	J, K, L, O
Notes:			

\*RHMW05 was installed in April 2009 and has subsequently been added to this table.

Specific Responses:

A. Send quarterly reports to DOH.

B. Begin program to determine the source of leak.

C. Notify DOH verbally within one day and follow with written notification in 30 days.

D. Notify FISC Chain of Command within one day.

E. Send Type 1 Report (see box below) to DOH

F. Send Type 2 Report (see box below) to DOH

G. Increase monitoring frequency to once per month (if concentrations increasing).

H. Notify DOH verbally within seven days and follow with written notification in 30 days.

I. Remove sampling pumps, measure product in pertinent wells with interface probe, re-install pumps if product is not detected.

J. Immediately evaluate tanks for leaks.

K. Collect samples from nearby Hālawa Deep Monitoring Well (2253-03) and OWDFMW01. For permission to sample 2253-03, call Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) Commission on Water Resource Management 808-587-0214, DLNRCWR@Hawaii.gov.

L. Provide alternative water source at RHMW2254-01.

M. Prepare for alternative water source at RHMW2254-01.

N. Re-measure for product every month with reports to DOH.

O. Install additional monitoring well downgradient.

#### **Report Types**

DOH Type 1 Report

• Re-evaluate Tier 3 Risk Assessment/groundwater model results

• Proposal to DOH on course of action

DOH Type 2 Report

• Proposal for groundwater treatment

Results Category RHMW2254-01 <sup>1</sup>	RHMW2254-01 <sup>1</sup>	RHMW01	RHMW02	RHMW03 <sup>2</sup>	RHMW05 <sup>2</sup>
<u>Results Category 1</u> : Result above detection limit but below drinking water EAL and trend for all compounds stable or decreasing	No	No	No	No	No
<u>Results Category 2</u> : Trend for any compound increasing or drinking water EAL exceeded	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>Results Category 3</u> : Result between 1/10X SSRBL and SSRBL for benzene, or between 1/2X SSRBL and SSRBL for TPH	No	No	No	No	No
<u>Results Category 4</u> : Result exceeding any SSRBL or petroleum product observed	No	No	No	No	No
<u>Previous Category</u> : Category prior to July monitoring event	None	Category 2	Category 2	None	None
<u>New Category</u> : Category assignment based on results of the July monitoring event	None	Category 2	Category 2	None	None
<u>Response Actions</u> : Requirements of new category	None	<ol> <li>Quarterly reports to be sent to DOH</li> <li>Initiation of a leak determination program to identify if tanks are leaking</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Quarterly reports to be sent to DOH</li> <li>Initiation of a leak determination program to identify if tanks are leaking</li> </ol>	None	None
Note: <sup>1</sup> A through a frazze concentration of lead was detected at RHMW2754.01 during the July 2011 monitoring event it does not also the well into the Category 4 status	MV7754 01 during the Hully 20	11 monitoring avant it does not nla	oa tha wall into the Catacory 1 status		

Table 3-5: Summary of Result Categories and Response Actions. July 2011

<sup>1</sup> Although a trace concentration of lead was detected at RHMW2254-01 during the July 2011 monitoring event, it does not place the well into the Category 1 status. No contamination trend (i.e., two or more consecutive events of detectable concentrations) has been established, therefore, RHMW2254-01 does not meet the Category 1 definition.

<sup>2</sup> Although estimated trace concentrations of lead were detected at RHMW03 and RHMW05, it does not place those wells into Category 1 status. No contamination trend has been established, therefore, RHMW03 and RHMW05 do not meet the Category 1 definition.

# Section 4 Data Quality Assessment

Data quality assessment consists of a review of the overall groundwater sample collection and analyses process in order to determine whether the analytical data generated meets the quality objectives for the project. The field QC program consisted of standardized sample collection and management procedures and the collection of field duplicate samples and trip blank samples. The laboratory quality assurance program consisted of the use of standard analytical methods and the preparation and analyses of MS/MSD samples, surrogate spikes, method blanks, and LCS.

# 4.1 Data Validation

The usability of the data collected during this investigation depends upon its quality. A number of factors relate to the quality of data, including: sample collection methods, sample analysis methods, and adherence to established procedures for sample collection, preservation, management, shipment, and analysis. Data quality is judged in terms of its precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability.

## 4.1.1 Quality Control Program

LOQs are established by the laboratory based on the method DLs or instrument DLs, historical data, and EPA limits established for the methods. The LOQs for samples may require adjustment due to matrix interference or if high levels of target analytes necessitate dilution before analysis. Matrix interference and sample dilutions have the effect of increasing the LOQs. None of the reporting limits were adjusted for this monitoring event.

### 4.1.2 Data Assessment

### Precision

Precision is defined as the agreement between a set of replicate measurements without assumption and knowledge of the true value. Precision is evaluated by relative percentage difference (RPD) of field duplicates and laboratory MS/MSD results. Field duplicate and MS/MSD samples were collected at a rate of approximately 10 percent of project samples. Field duplicates are sent to the laboratory with dummy sample numbers and analyzed as primary samples.

For this monitoring event, the RPDs of primary and field duplicate (sample ES037 and sample ES038) collected from RHMW02, met the RPD precision criteria of 50 percent for all analytes except for lead which was at 84 percent where ES038 was an estimated concentration (Table 4-1). The RPDs for MS/MSD were also within the laboratory established criteria (Appendix D). Therefore the data precision is considered good.

### Accuracy

Accuracy is defined as the degree of agreement of a measurement to an accepted reference or true value. Accuracy is measured as the percent recovery of an analyte in a reference standard or spiked sample. Accuracy limits for laboratory control spike, MS, and MSD samples are established by the individual laboratory. The acceptance criteria for accuracy are dependent on the analytical method, and are based on historical laboratory data.

All of the LCS, MS/MSD and surrogate spike recoveries for analyzed constituents were within acceptable percent recovery limits except for a MSD recovery of TPH-Diesel. In this case, the percent recovery was 40.5 percent and was below the lower limit of the acceptable criteria (61 percent). However, it is not expected to significantly impact the data accuracy because it is the only anomaly observed in the QC tests. Therefore the data accuracy for this monitoring event is considered acceptable.

#### Representativeness

Representativeness is the degree that data accurately and precisely represent a characteristic of a population, parameter variations at a sampling point, or an environmental condition. Representativeness was achieved by conducting sampling in compliance with the sample collection procedures described in the Work Plan specifically written for this project (Environet, 2010).

Representativeness is also evaluated through the compliance of the sample holding time and the analysis of blank samples including method blank and trip blank samples. The sample holding time generally complied with the EPA criteria. None of the COPCs were detected in the laboratory method blanks. For this sampling event, one trip blank was collected and there were no detections of VOCs or TPH-GRO (Table 4-1). Therefore, the groundwater sample data are considered representative of the groundwater quality on site.

#### Completeness

Completeness is defined as the overall percentage of valid analytical results (including estimated values) compared to the total number of analytical results reported by the laboratory. The completeness goal for this project is 90 percent, which was successfully met. Successful completion of data acquisition can only be accomplished if both the field and laboratory portions of the project are performed according to the procedures described in the Work Plan (Environet, 2010).

#### Comparability

Comparability expresses the confidence with which one data set can be compared to another. Comparability can be related to accuracy and precision because these quantities are measures of data reliability. Data with acceptable precision and accuracy are considered comparable if collection techniques, analytical procedures, methods and reporting are equivalent. For this monitoring event the samples were collected using approaches consistent with those in the previous events, and the same analytical methods/procedures were used to measure the concentration of COPCs. Therefore the results are considered comparable within this data set and with the data collected from previous sampling events.

### Hold Time

The July 2011 groundwater sample from RHMW05 was analyzed for TPH-GRO and VOCs two days after the recommended seven day hold time. The usability of the data should not be affected significantly given the TPH-GRO and VOCs were not detected at RHMW05 for at least the previous four sampling events. All other samples were analyzed within the holding time for all constituents except for TPH-GRO. Groundwater samples from RHMW03 and RHMW02 were analyzed two days after the recommended seven day hold time and groundwater samples from RHMW2254-01 and RHMW01 were analyzed one day after the recommended seven day

hold time for TPH-GRO. The usability of the data should not be affected significantly given TPH-GRO was not detected in RHMW2254-01, RHMW01, and RHMW03 for at least the previous eight sampling events.

The analyses of TPH-GRO and VOCs will be closely monitored in the next monitoring event in October 2011. All future sampling events will include closer coordination with the analytical laboratory to ensure that hold times are met.

### 4.1.3 Data Assessment Conclusions

The precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability criteria were met. The hold times were met for all samples with the exception of TPH-GRO analysis from samples collected at monitoring wells RHMW2254-01, RHMW01, RHMW02, and RHMW03 and TPH-GRO and VOC analyses from samples collected at RHMW05. Therefore, the data assessment concludes that all data generated during this event are suitable for the intended use.

	Chemical	DOH Drinking Water EALs for Human	DOH Groundwater Gross	RHMW02 Primary (ES037)				RHMW02 Duplicate (ES038)				RPD Duplicate	Trip Blank (7) ES036			19/2011)	
Method													0.00				
		Toxicity <sup>a</sup>	Contamination EALs <sup>a</sup>	Result	Q	LOQ	LOD	) DL	Result	Q LOQ	LOD	DL	(%)	Result	Q LO	Q LO	DI
EPA 8015B (Petroleum)	TPH-DRO	210	100	1,100	_			40.4	,	++ 150	80.8		48.28				
EPA 8260 B (Petroleum)	TPH-GRO	100	100	ND	U			2 6.06		U 20.0	-		0	ND		0 12.	
	Acenaphthene	370	20	0.31		0.2		0.06	0.46	0.2	0.12		38.96				
	Acenaphthylene	240	2,000	ND	U	0.2		0.06		J 0.2	0.12		0.00				
	Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene	1,800 0.092	22 4.7	ND ND	U U	0.2 0.2b		0.05		U 0.2 U 0.2b	0.10		0				
	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1,500	0.13	ND		0.2b		0.07		U 0.2b	_		0				
	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.2	0.13	ND	U	0.20		0.08		U 0.20	0.10		0				
	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.092	0.75	ND	-	0.2b		0.07		U 0.2b	0.14		0				
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.92	0.4	ND	U	0.2		0.07		U 0.2	0.14	0.07	0				
	Chrysene	9.2	1	ND	Ū	0.2		0.05		U 0.2	0.10		0				
EPA 8270D SIM (PAHs)	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.0092	0.52	ND		0.2b		0.05		U 0.2b	0.10		0				-
	Fluoranthene	1,500	130	ND	U	0.2	0.16	0.08		U 0.2	0.16	0.08	0				
	Fluorene	240	950	0.09	J	0.2	0.12	0.06	0.11	J 0.2	0.12	0.06	24.49				
	Ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.092	0.095	ND	U	0.2b	0.14	0.07	ND	U 0.2b	0.14	0.07	0				
	1-Methylnaphthalene	4.7	10	0.85		0.2		0.06	0.90	0.2	0.12		6				·
	2-Methylnaphthalene	24	10	0.16	J	0.2		0.06	0.12		0.12		28.57				
	Naphthalene	17	21	2.2		0.2		0.05	2.7	0.2	0.10		20.41				
	Phenanthrene	240	410	ND	U	0.2		0.07		U 0.2	0.14		0				
	Pyrene	180 200	68 970	ND ND	U U	0.2		0.08		U 0.2 U 1.0	0.16	0.08	0	 ND	 U 1.0		
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	200	50,000	ND	U U	1.0	0.28			U 1.0	0.28	0.14	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.4	50,000	ND	U	1.0	0.40			U 1.0	0.40	0.20	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-Dichloroethene)	7	1,500	ND	U	1.0	0.60			U 1.0	0.60	0.30	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.6	50,000	ND	U	2.0	0.78			U 2.0b	0.78	0.39	0	ND	U 2.0		
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	70	3,000	ND	Ū	1.0	0.42			U 1.0	0.42	0.21	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.04	10	ND	U	2.0b	1.52			U 2.0b	1.52	0.76	0	ND	U 2.0		
	1,2-Dibromoethane	0.0065	50,000	ND	U	1.0b	0.40	0.20	ND	U 1.0b	0.40	0.20	0	ND	U 1.0	b 0.4	40
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	600	10	ND	U	1.0	0.34	0.17	ND	U 1.0	0.34	0.17	0	ND	U 1.	0.3	34
	1,2-Dichloroethane	0.15	7,000	ND	U	1.0b	0.28	0.14	ND	U 1.0b	0.28	0.14	0	ND	U 1.0	b 0.2	28
	1,2-Dichloropropane	5	10	ND	U	1.0	0.34			U 1.0	0.34	0.17	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	180	50,000	ND	U	1.0	0.22			U 1.0	0.22	0.11	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,3-Dichloropropene (total of cis/trans)	0.43	50,000	ND	U	1.0	0.36			U 1.0	0.36	0.18	0	ND	U 1.		
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	75	5	ND	U	1.0	0.38			U 1.0	0.38	0.19	0	ND	U 1.		
	Acetone	22,000	20,000	ND	U	10.0	1.90			U 10.0	1.90	0.95	0	ND	U 10		
	Benzene	5 0.22	170	ND	U	1.0	0.32			U 1.0	0.32	0.16	0	ND	U 1.		
	Bromodichloromethane Bromoform	100	50,000 510	ND ND	U U	1.0b 1.0	0.28			U 1.0 U 1.0	0.28	0.14	0	ND ND	U 1.0		
	Bromomethane	8.7	50,000	ND	U U	2.0	0.28			U 2.0	0.28	0.14	0	ND	U 2.		
	Carbon Tetrachloride	5	520	ND	U	1.0	0.48			U 1.0	0.48	0.24	0	ND	U 1.		
EPA 8260 B (VOCs)	Chlorobenzene	100	50	ND	U	1.0	0.42			U 1.0	0.42	0.10	0	ND	U 1.		
	Chloroethane	8,600	16	ND	U	1.0	0.42			U 1.0	0.42	0.21	0	ND	U 1.		
	Chloroform	70	2,400	ND	U	1.0	0.14			U 1.0	0.14	0.07	0	ND	U 1.		
	Chloromethane	1.8	50,000	ND	U	1.0	0.62	0.31	ND	U 1.0	0.62	0.31	0	ND	U 1.	0.6	52
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (cis-1,2-Dichloroethene)	70	50,000	ND	U	1.0	0.32	0.16	ND	U 1.0	0.32	0.16	0	ND	U 1.	0.3	2
	Dibromochloromethane (Chlorodibromomethane)	0.16	50,000	ND	U	1.0b	0.38	0.19	ND	U 1.0b	0.38	0.19	0	ND	U 1.0	b 0.3	8
	Ethylbenzene	700	30	ND	U	1.0	0.46	0.23	ND	U 1.0	0.46	0.23	0	ND	U 1.	0.4	6
	Hexachlorobutadiene	0.86	6			1.0		0.19		U 1.0	0.38		0	ND	U 1.	0.3	8
	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone)	7,100	8,400			10.0		0.60		U 10.0			0			0 1.2	
	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4-Methyl-2-pentanone)	2,000	1,300					1.90		U 10.0			0			0 3.8	
	Methyl tert-butyl Ether	12	5			1.0		0.19		U 1.0	0.38		0		U 1.		
	Methylene chloride	4.8	9,100			5.0		0.35		U 5.0	0.70		0		U 5.		
	Styrene Tatashlanathana 1112	100	10			1.0		0.25		U 1.0	0.50		0	1	U 1.		
	Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2-	0.52	50,000			1.0		0.13		U 1.0	0.26		0	1	U 1.0		
	Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethylene (Tetrachloroethene)	0.067	500			1.0b 1.0		0.10		U 1.0b U 1.0	0.20		0	1	U 1.0		
	Toluene	5	170 40			1.0		0.15		U 1.0 U 1.0	0.30		0	1	U 1.0		
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans-1,2-Dichloroethene)	1,000	260			1.0		0.17		U 1.0	0.34		0		U 1.		
	Trichloroethylene (Trichloroethene)	5	310			1.0		0.19		U 1.0	0.38		0	1	U 1.		
	Vinyl chloride	2	3,400			1.0		0.10		U 1.0	0.32		0	1	U 1.		
	Xylenes	10,000	20			1.0		0.19		U 1.0	0.38		0		U 1.		
EPA 6020	Lead	15	5,000	1.20	-	0.5	0.30		0.49		-	0.11	84.02				

Notes:

All units are in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

RHMW02D is a duplicate sample of RHMW02

<sup>a</sup> DOH EALs (DOH, 2009): Table D-1b. Groundwater Action Levels (Groundwater is a current or potential drinking water resource; surface water body is not located within 150 meters of release site).

<sup>b</sup> In the case where an EAL for a specific chemical is less than the LOQ for a commercial laboratory, it is generally acceptable to consider the LOQ in place of the action level (DOH, Evaluation of Environmental Hazards at Sites with Contaminated Soil and Groundwater 2008, updated March 2009).

DL - detection limit or method detection limit (MDL DRO - diesel range organics

GRO - gasoline range organics

J - Estimated result. Indicates that the compound was identified but the concentration was above the DL and below the LOQ.

LOD - limit of detection

LOQ - limit of quantitation or reporting limit (RL)

ND - not detected PAHs - polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons

Q - data qualifier

RPD - relative percent difference

TPH - total petroleum hydrocarbons

U - Indicates the compound or analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The result is reported as ND.

VOC - volatile organic compound

-- not analyzed

Bold - Result exceeds one or both DOH EALs

# Section 5 Summary, Conclusions, and Recommendations

# 5.1 Summary

There is no indication of an immediate threat of disruption to drinking water resources at the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 as a result of the July 2011 data. Based on the July 2011 groundwater monitoring event, RHMW2254-01 does not fall into any Results Category of the Groundwater Protection Plan.

## 5.1.1 Results of Oil/Water Interface Measurements

Free product was not observed at RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05 during the July 2011 sampling event. The trend of free product measurements over time shows that in January 2008, fuel was measured in monitoring wells RHMW01 and RHMW02 at a thickness of less than 0.01 feet, but was not observed in other monitoring wells. Since the thickness of less than 0.01 feet observed in January 2008, no free product has been observed in any of these RHSF monitoring wells (Table 3-1).

### 5.1.2 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results

Laboratory analytical results from the July 2011 groundwater monitoring event indicated that TPH-DRO was present in the groundwater beneath the RHSF at concentrations that exceeded the EAL. All other COPC concentrations (i.e., VOCs, PAHs, and dissolved lead) were below the EALs. All LODs and LOQs were generally below the EALs. In the case where an EAL for a specific COPC is less than the LOQ, it is generally acceptable to consider the LOQs in place of the EAL (DOH, 2009).

In monitoring well RHMW2254-01, dissolved lead (1.9  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at a concentration below the EAL.

In monitoring well RHMW01, TPH-DRO (290  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at a concentration which exceeded the EAL. Naphthalene (0.12  $\mu$ g/L) and dissolved lead (0.17  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at estimated concentrations below the EALs. All other COPCs in RHMW01 were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs.

In monitoring well RHMW02, TPH-DRO (1,100  $\mu$ g/L) was detected at a concentration which exceeded the EAL. Acenaphthene (0.31  $\mu$ g/L), 1-methylnaphthalene (0.85  $\mu$ g/L), naphthalene (2.2  $\mu$ g/L), and dissolved lead (1.2  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at concentrations below the EALs. Fluorene (0.088  $\mu$ g/L) and 2-methylnaphthalene (0.16  $\mu$ g/L) were detected at estimated concentrations below the EALs. All other COPCs in RHMW02 were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs.

In monitoring wells RHMW03 and RHMW05, dissolved lead (0.33  $\mu$ g/L and 0.24  $\mu$ g/L, respectively) was detected at estimated concentrations below the EAL. All other COPCs were not detected at or above the LODs and LOQs.

# 5.2 Conclusions

To date, the presence of LNAPL has been observed only once (i.e., in January 2008 in RHMW01 and RHMW02 at a thickness of less than 0.01 feet). This indicates a significant release from one or more of the USTs at the RHSF has not occurred at this time.

COPC concentrations in samples collected from the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01 have not been detected above the EALs. This indicates that elevated COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from monitoring wells within the RHSF are not migrating and impacting the Navy's potable water source.

COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from monitoring well RHMW05 have decreased to below the EALs for the past six consecutive quarterly monitoring events. The data suggest that elevated COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from monitoring wells located adjacent to the USTs are not migrating in the downgradient direction. RHMW05 is an intermediate monitoring point between the USTs and the U.S. Navy Well 2254-01. At this time, there is no indication that COPCs are migrating in a downgradient direction towards the Navy's potable water source.

COPC concentrations detected in samples collected from two monitoring wells adjacent to the USTs (i.e., RHMW01 and RHMW03) are not steadily increasing between sampling events. Concentrations of 1-methylnaphthalene detected in samples collected from RHMW02 increased for three consecutive events, however they have decreased in the subsequent event and during this event. The fluctuation in concentrations measured during this event and previous events indicates the current source of 1-methylnaphthalene is potentially residual hydrocarbon contamination from a historical release. The general overall long-term trend in 1-methylnaphthalene concentration is decreasing and does not indicate a new release.

## 5.3 Recommendations

Based on the results of this monitoring event, continuation of the quarterly groundwater monitoring program at the RHSF is recommended. In addition, continuation of monthly free product measurements at RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, and RHMW05; and monthly soil vapor monitoring are also recommended. In response to the Category 2 status of RHMW01 and RHMW02, submission of this quarterly report to DOH and continuation of a leak determination program as described in Section 3 of the RHSF Groundwater Protection Plan (TEC, 2008) to identify if tanks are leaking are recommended.

# Section 6 References

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- DOH, 2009. Evaluation of Environmental Hazards at Sites with Contaminated Soil and Groundwater. Updated March 2009.
- DON, 2007. Project Procedures Manual, U.S. Navy Environmental Restoration Program, NAVFAC Pacific. February.
- Environet, 2010. Work Plan, Long-Term Monitoring, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Pearl Harbor, O'ahu, Hawai'i. September.

Hawai'i Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 281, Subchapter 7.

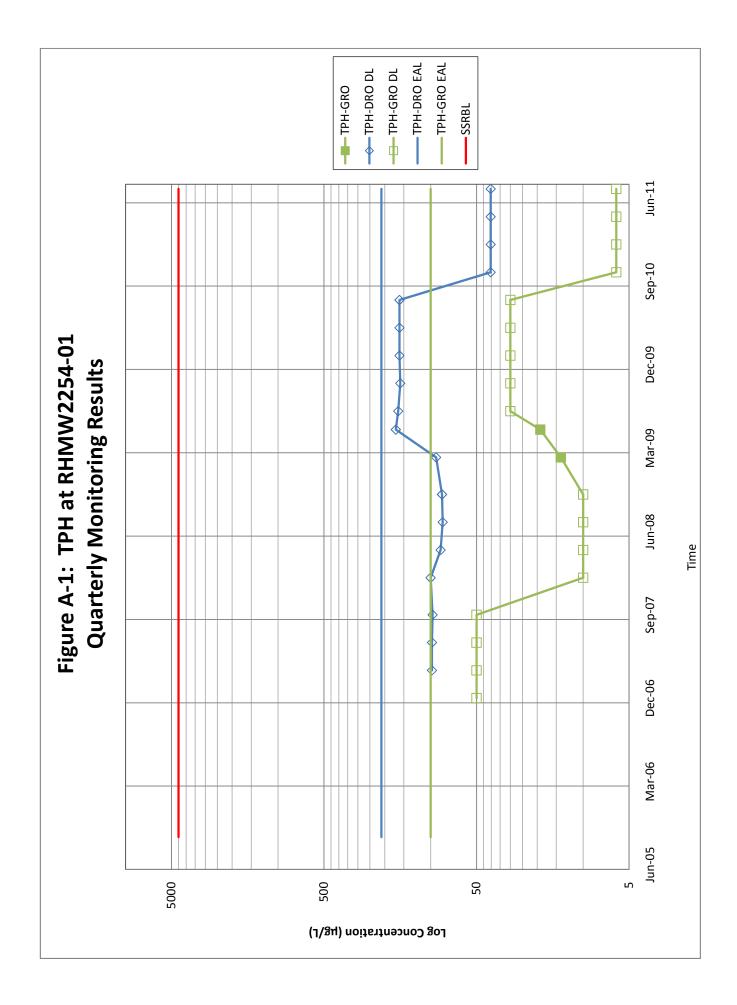
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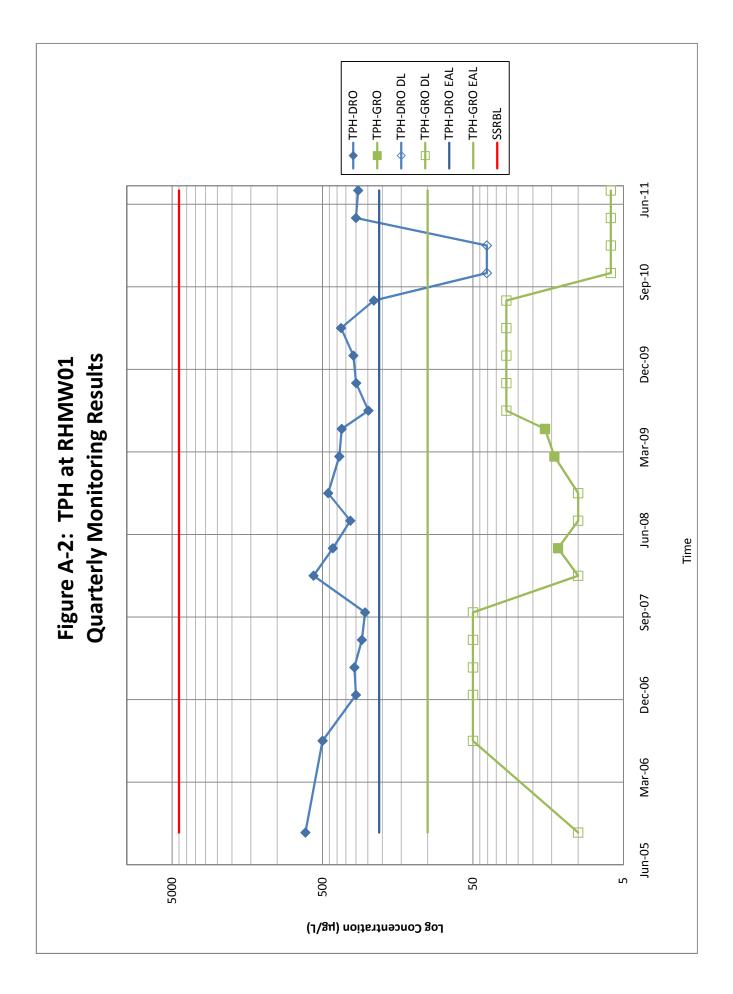
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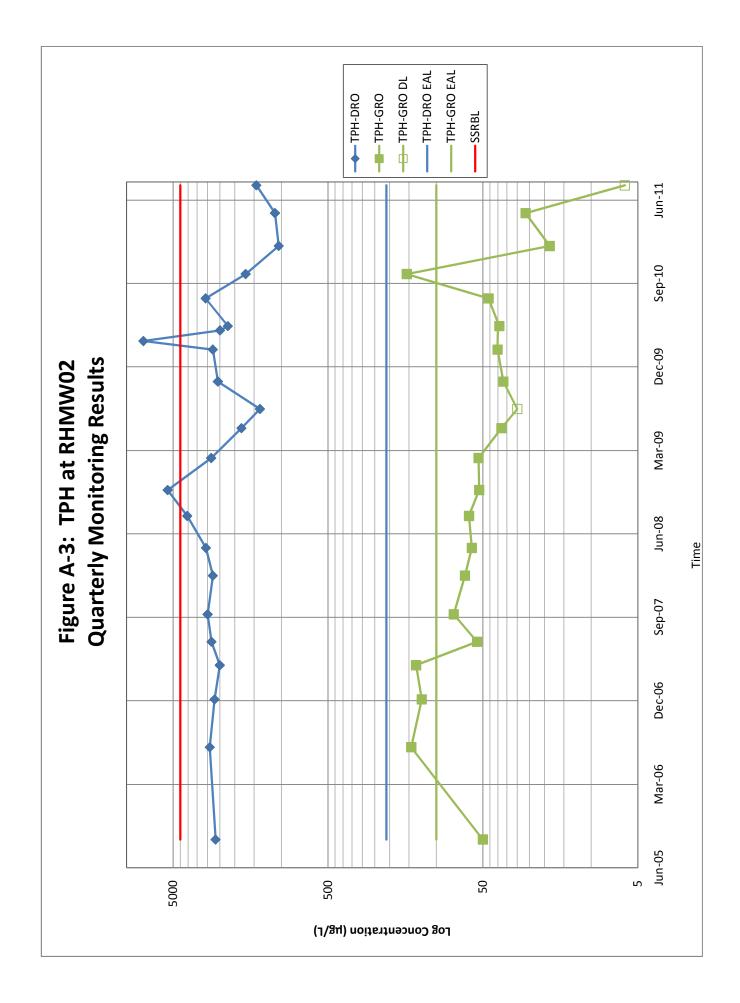
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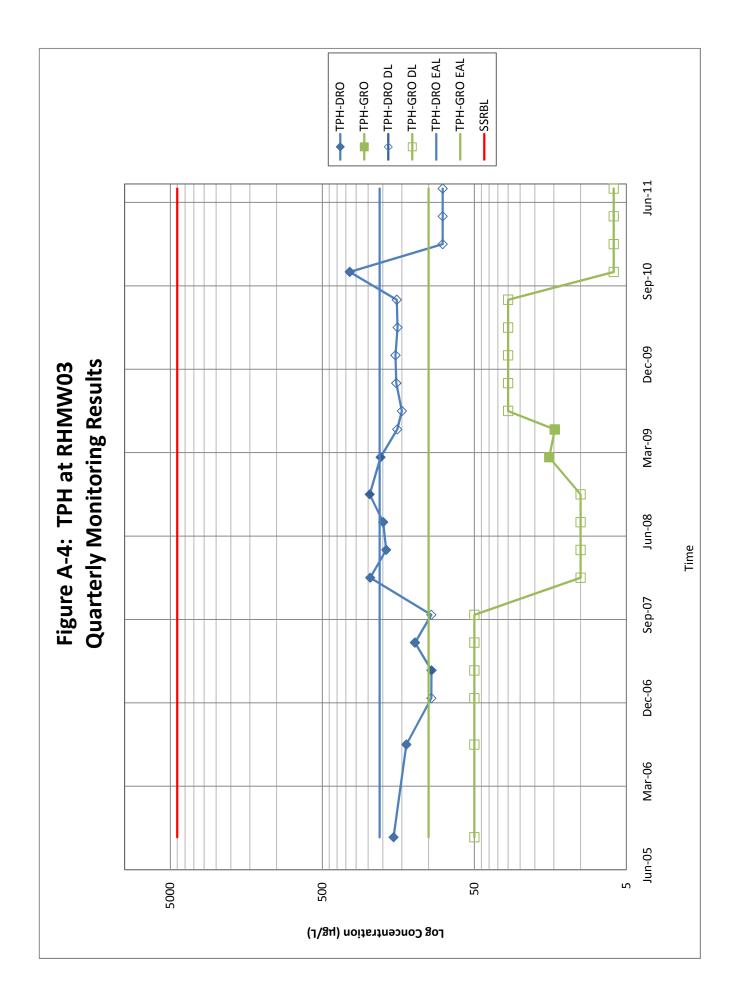
U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), 2005. Aerial Image. http://hawaii.wr.usgs.gov/index.html.

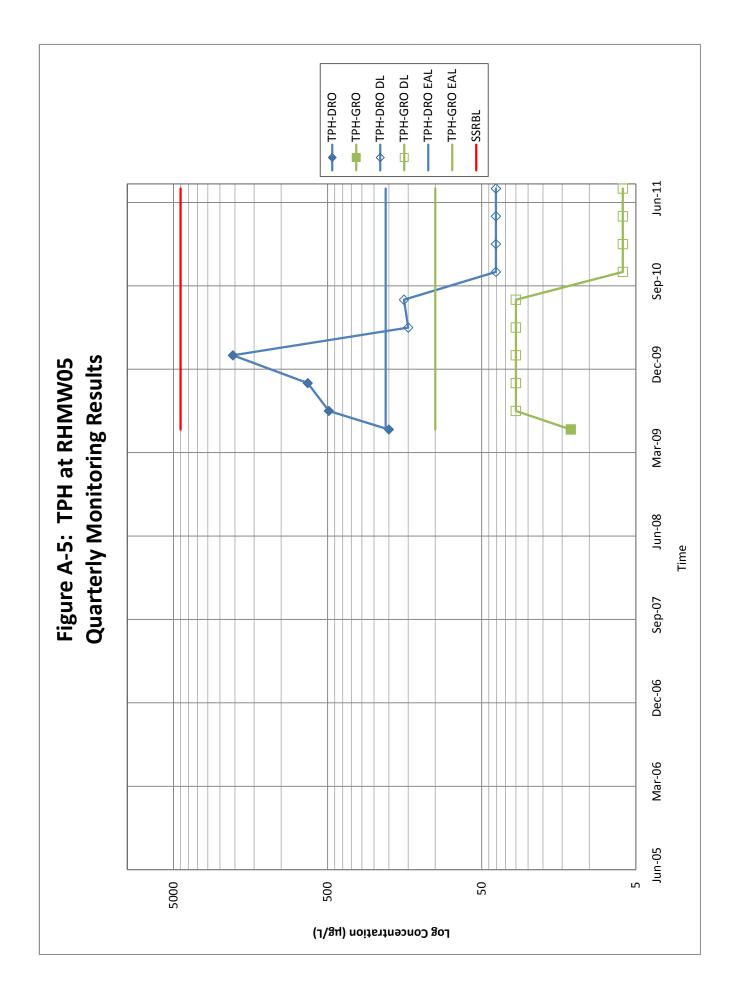
# Appendix A Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Results for TPH and PAHs, September 2005 through July 2011

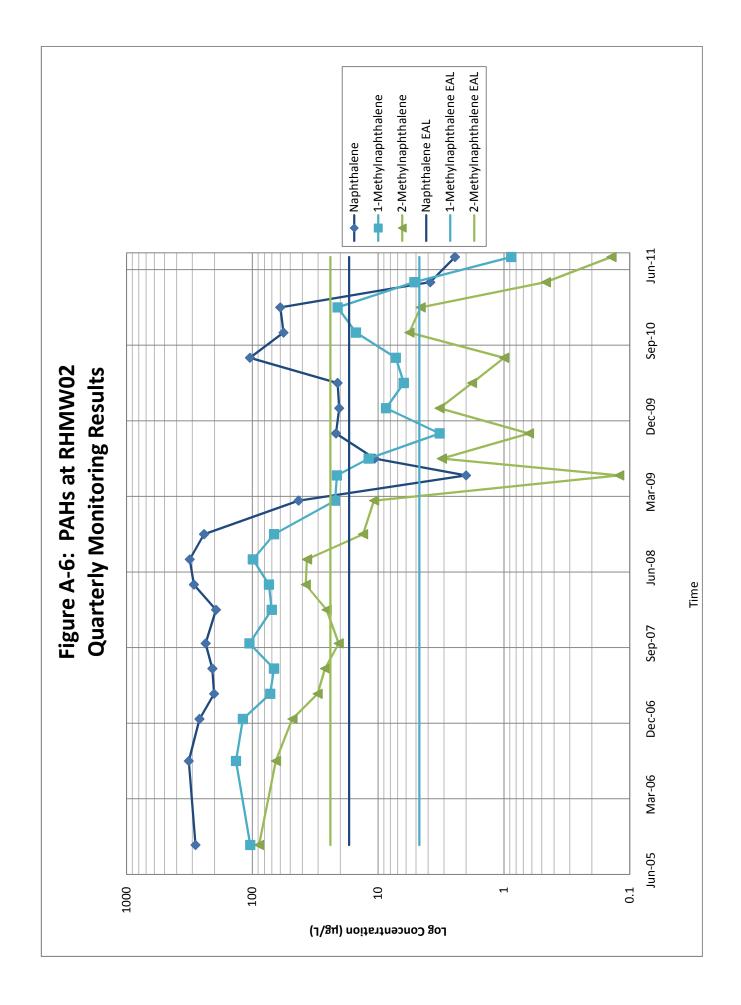












Appendix B Field Notebook, July 2011

ed It to at ear meating 27 + offlord tuck Tem: 252 up & moved to the Amuco 120: 8:57 105.22 Begin Purghy @ RHMW03 Fritch purgin Hartevel 105.2 Simpled Rymv03 55025 Sailors on at office + bodiel equi RHMW03. RHMWOS of Hariba TW6: 0.0 Som V orp: 202 mV 57 0:0 ppm c4 RHMU03 DTU-102 49 Pt Task: Graveluenter Maniferity Prisemel: S. Koide, S. Fineren up betice redin 0.0 pm Ancire at Kr S.K. anducta Calibrite PID -S/m Mind in to pick Amire onsi te Aniter 510-00 and o.453 Smoled Started Trait 0730, Storago Plo 1 0740. Picked oral met 110C/61/K PR I Level RHSF 0&15' 0638' 00000 rsys | 0820 0209 \$\$57 0941 2493 1030 5ho1 10:51 36 equipment Arrived 2 Dole office Part back lehanged egg 22/9 RHSF 1022-015 Left Site 02 51 1015

Arrival. O.G. pm DTW = 83.60 L Storted project 70 pri Schoor, Sdischage 20 pri Schoor, 39 pictual usup + transported to 0830 Anne at R.Hmw 2054 01 Pump Started Pure in pump station Sampled ESCOOD spitter Called to Train to pick up. Task: 64 Smplity C. Assellinge 7010 Lelt of Aren ambe at Strange Sig-pea 0835 Calibrate Hariba F PLO 645 metat after 0500 Amile of Adit 3 0500 Train Amiles 720 Left Storie Muol trait Stter. PPE Level D Neclael KHSF 3430 0110 100 ono 1020 101 Collicted angin + mulos. Sampled RHMW 02 ESO37 Sampled duptionlest from Rymus Exit Tunnels to fill air tounks PIDOMS R WINUS = 0,0 ppm Bought more ice to beep samples Packed up 4 mobilized to Adr 3. Exited tunnels entry tunnels & Call train. the office over night. Anna 7/19/2011 1530 1500 13/4 PSSI 1639 0orl IU2S 110 1200 1000

1	7121/2611 Field S. Keiders Frieren Resnel S. Keiders Frieren R. Level D Oscol Preter D Oscol Preter Afric Oscol Preter D Oscol Preter Afric Oscol Preter Afric
SIG- ECO) JSHY	72001 1300 Spadud Smidin AHMUOL ESOUL 1300 Finish and in the us to hits 1320 Them and budged to 1420 Shipped Singes Adopted of 1 1425 Shipped Singes Adopted of 1 1426 Shipped of 1 1426 Shipped of 1 1426 Shipped of 1 1426 Shipped of 1 1520 Annhell at office

Appendix C Groundwater Sampling Logs, July 2011

WELL ID:	RHMW2254-01	LOCATION:	Red Hil	I Bulk Fuel Storag	uel Storage Facility PROJECT		IO: 1022-015	
INITIAL WA	ATER LEVEL:	not appl	icable (N/A)		DATE:	7/20/2011	TIME:	0845
TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL: unkn		wn		PERSONNEL I	NVOLVED:	S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye		
LENGTH C	F SATURATED ZON	IE:	N/A		WEATHER CO	NDITIONS:		N/A
VOLUME C	OF WATER TO BE RE	EMOVED:	N/A		METHOD OF REMOVAL:		Low flow dedic	ated bladder pump
WATER LE		NG:	N/A		PUMPING RAT	E:	0.33 L/min	
WELL PUR	GE DATA:							
TIME	VOLUME	pН	COND	TURBIDITY	DO (mg/l)	TEMP (°C)	SALINITY	REDOX (ORP)
	REMOVED		(mS/m)	(NTU)			(%)	(mV)
0848	2L	6.12	49.7	20.0	8.44	22.3	0.0	200
0851 0854	3L	6.21	49.6	14.6	8.56	21.7	0.0	199
0857	4L 5L	<u>6.30</u> 6.35	<u>49.6</u> 49.6	<u> </u>	<u>8.39</u> 8.47	<u>21.9</u> 21.9	0.0	<u> </u>
0900	<u>5L</u> 6L	6.52	49.6	9.4	8.16	22.5	0.0	205
0903	<u>0E</u> 7L	6.56	49.6	9.4	8.20	22.5	0.0	203
-		<u> </u>						
				<u> </u>				
				<u> </u>				
		<u> </u>						
	ETRIEVAL METHOD	): Low flow dodicate	d bladdor pump	ΔΡΡΕΔΡΔΝΟ	E OF SAMPLE:			
		. Low now dedicate			lone			
	D: ES040 (R	H-RHMW2254-01	-GW(24)	TURBIDITY N				
	OLLECTION TIME:	09'	· · · · ·	SEDIMENT N				
	BY: S. Fi	-		OTHER				
				<u> </u>				
COMMENT	S AND OBSERVATI	ONS:	PID = 0.0 ppn	n; Clear Water				
				.,				
LABORATO	ORY ANALYSIS PAR	AMETERS AND F	PRESERVATIVE	S: <u>T</u>	PH-GRO (EPA 8260	B) & VOCs (EPA 8260	B) with no preserva	ative,
TPH-DRO	(EPA8015B) & PAHs (EF	PA 8270D SIM) with no	preservative, and o	dissolved lead (EPA	6020) with nitric acid p	preservative		
NUMBER A	AND TYPES OF SAM	PLE CONTAINER	S FILLED:	(4) - 40 mL \	/OAs, (4) - 1 L am	nber bottle, (1) - 500	) mL polyethyler	ne bottle
MS/MSD: (	7) - 40 mL VOAs, (6)	- 1 L amber bottle	, (2) - 500 mL pc	olyethylene bottle				
DECONTA	MINATION PROCED	URES:	Alconox, triple	e rinse with distille	d water			
	DELIVERED TO:		a FedEx overnig	ht		TRANSPORTE	-	S. Fineran
SAMPLE D	ELIVERY DATE:	7/20/2011				SAMPLE DELI	/ERY TIME:	1445

NITAL WATER LEVEL:         83.80 het troc (tablo top fouling)         DATE:         7202011         TIME:         1108           TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL:         unknown         PERSONNEL INVOLVED:         s. Press, C. Assebage           LENGTH OF SATURATED ZONE:         N/A         WEATHER CONDITIONS:         N/A           VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         N/A         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow bladder pump           WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         B3.70 feat bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.12 L/min           WELL PURGE DATA:	WELL ID:	RHMW01	LOCATION:	Red Hill E	Bulk Fuel Storag	e Facility	PROJECT NO:	1	022-015
LENGTH OF SATURATED ZONE:         NA         WEATHER CONDITIONS:         NA           VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         NA         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow bladder pump           WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         B3.70 feel bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.12 L/min           WELL PURGE DATA:	INITIAL WAT	ER LEVEL:	83.60 feet bTC	DC (below top of casing)	_	DATE:	7/20/2011	TIME:	1108
VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         N/A         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow bladder pump           WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         63.70 feet bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.12 L/min           WELL PURGE DATA:         TURBIDITY         DO (mg/l)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1113         1.1         6.77         35.6         5.3         1.93         24.6         0.0         -116           1118         2.1         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.90         24.4         0.0         -102           1113         3.1         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           11145         5.1         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5.1         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5.1         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5.1         6.82         34.9         1.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL: unk		nown		PERSONNEL INVOLVED:		S. Fineran, C. Asslebaye		
WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         83.70 feet bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.12 L/min           WELL PURGE DATA:         TURBIDITY         DO (mg/h)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1113         1L         6.77         35.6         5.3         1.93         24.6         0.0         -116           1113         1L         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.90         24.4         0.0         -102           1113         3L         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           1113         4L         6.83         35.1         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           11145         5L         6.82         34.9         1.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103	LENGTH OF	SATURATED ZON	IE: _	N/A	_	WEATHER CONDITIONS:		N/A	
WELL PURGE DATA:         TURE IDITY         DO (mg/l)         TEMP (*C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1113         1         6.77         35.6         4.9         1.9.3         24.6         0.0         -116           1118         21         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.9.0         24.4         0.0         -116           1130         3L         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           1137         4L         6.83         35.1         4.6         2.35         24.4         0.0         -102           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         0.0         -102	VOLUME OF	WATER TO BE R	EMOVED:	N/A	_	METHOD OF F	REMOVAL:	· · ·	
TIME         VOLUME REMOVED         pH         COND (mS)         TURBIDITY (NT)         D0 (mg/l)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY (%)         REDOX (ORP)           1113         1L         6.77         35.6         5.3         1.93         24.6         0.0         -116           1118         2L         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.90         24.4         0.0         -116           1137         4L         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           1137         4L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -102           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82	WATER LEV	EL AFTER PURGII	NG:	83.70 feet bTOC	_	PUMPING RAT	ſE:		
TIME         VOLUME REMOVED         pH         COND (mS)         TURBIDITY (NT)         D0 (mg/l)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY (%)         REDOX (ORP)           1113         1L         6.77         35.6         5.3         1.93         24.6         0.0         -116           1118         2L         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.90         24.4         0.0         -116           1137         4L         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           1137         4L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -102           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82	WELL PURG	E DATA:							
REINOPED         (IIIV)         (IIIV)         (IIIV)         (IIIV)           1113         1L         6.77         35.6         5.3         1.93         24.6         0.0         -116           1118         2L         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.90         24.4         0.0         -116           1130         3L         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           1137         4L         6.83         35.1         4.6         2.35         24.4         0.0         -102           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103		VOLUME	рH			DO (ma/l)		SALINITY	REDOX (ORP)
1118         2L         6.81         35.6         4.9         1.90         24.4         0.0         -116           1130         3L         6.84         35.2         4.5         1.87         24.4         0.0         -102           1137         4L         6.83         35.1         4.6         2.35         24.4         0.0         -102           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         34.9         4.6         1.72         24.3         0.0         -103           1145         5L         6.82         0.9         0.6			·						
1130       3L       6.84       35.2       4.5       1.87       24.4       0.0       -102         1137       4L       6.83       35.1       4.6       2.35       24.4       0.0       -102         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1146       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1146       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1146       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1146       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1146       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -102         101       101       101       101       101       101       101       101       101       101         SAMPLE DEX       E041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
1137       4L       6.83       35.1       4.6       2.35       24.4       0.0       -102         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103								-	
1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       34.9       4.6       1.72       24.3       0.0       -103         1145       5L       6.82       9.4       6.82       9.4       6.8       9.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
SAMPLE RETRIEVAL METHOD:       Low flow dedicated bladder pump       APPEARANCE OF SAMPLE:         COLOR       None         SAMPLE RETRIEVAL METHOD:       Low flow dedicated bladder pump         SAMPLE RETRIEVAL METHOD:       Low flow dedicated bladder pump         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200         SEDIMENT       None         SAMPLE DBY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye         OTHER									
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	1145	5L	6.82	34.9	4.6	1.72	24.3	0.0	-103
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran			<u> </u>						
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran			. <u> </u>						
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran				. <u> </u>					
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       None         SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       _(4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       _Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       _APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
SAMPLE ID:       ES041 (RH-RHMW01-GW24)       TURBIDITY       None         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT       None         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	SAMPLE RE	TRIEVAL METHOD	D: Low flow dedica	ated bladder pump	APPEARANCI	E OF SAMPLE:			
SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1200       SEDIMENT       None         SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER					COLOR N	lone			
SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight	SAMPLE ID:	ES041	(RH-RHMW01-0	GW24)	TURBIDITY N	lone			-
SAMPLED BY:       S. Fineran, C. Asselbaye       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight	SAMPLE CO		3	,					-
COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID reading = 0.6 ppm         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight				-					-
LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight				Suyo	<u> </u>				-
LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight	COMMENTS			PID reading - (	) 6 ppm				
TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	COMMENTS	AND OBSERVATI	UNS.	FID reading = 0					
TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran					_				
NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight								B) with no preser	vative,
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran	TPH-DRO (E	PA8015B) & PAHs (E	PA 8270D SIM) with	no preservative, and dis	solved lead (EPA	6020) with nitric acid	preservative		
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran									
SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran	NUMBER AN	D TYPES OF SAM	IPLE CONTAINE	ERS FILLED:	(4) - 40 mL \	/OAs, (4) - 1 L an	nber bottle, (1) - 500	) mL polyethyl	ene bottle
SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran									
SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran	<b>DE00</b>								
						d water			
SAMPLE DELIVERY DATE:     7/20/2011     SAMPLE DELIVERY TIME:     1445				via FedEx overnight					-
	SAMPLE DEI	LIVERY DATE:	7/20/2011				SAMPLE DELI	/ERY TIME:	1445

NITAL WATER LEVEL:         86.28 foet bTOC         DATE:         7/19/2011         TIME:         1051           TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL:         unknown         PERSONNEL INVOLVED:         5. Kodo, 5. Freesa         NA           LENGTH OF SATURATED ZONE:         NA         WEATHER CONDITIONS:         NA           VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         NA         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow dedicated bladder pump           WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         86.28 feet bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.5 L/min           TIME         VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         NA         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow dedicated bladder pump           VATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         86.28 feet bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.5 L/min           TIME         VOLUME OF PH         COND         TURBIDITY         DO (mg/l)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1057         24.         0.14         6.06         59.2         7.3         0.45         24.3         0.0         483           1103         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         487           1104         6.06         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0         483 <tr< th=""><th>WELL ID:</th><th>RHMW02</th><th>LOCATION:</th><th>Red Hill E</th><th>Bulk Fuel Storag</th><th>e Facility</th><th>PROJECT NO:</th><th>1(</th><th>022-015</th></tr<>	WELL ID:	RHMW02	LOCATION:	Red Hill E	Bulk Fuel Storag	e Facility	PROJECT NO:	1(	022-015
LENGTH OF SATURATED ZONE:         NA         WEATHER CONDITIONS:         NA           VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         NA         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow dedicated bladder pump.           WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         66.28 feel bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.5 L/min           WELL PURGE DATA:	INITIAL WAT	ER LEVEL:	86.28	8 feet bTOC	_	DATE:	7/19/2011	TIME:	1051
VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED:         NA         METHOD OF REMOVAL:         Low flow dedicated bladder pump           WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         86.28 feet bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.5 L/min           WELL PURGE DATA:         0.5 L/min         0.5 L/min         REDOX (ORP)           TIME         VOLUME         PH         (mS/m)         (NTU)         DO (mg/n)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1057         2.L         6.14         60.3         25.9         0.76         24.5         0.0         -80           1059         3.L         6.09         59.3         15.1         0.48         24.4         0.0         -82           1101         4.L         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -88           1103         5.L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -87           1104         6.06         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6.1         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           200	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL: unk		known		PERSONNEL I	NVOLVED:	S. Koide, S. Fineran		
WATER LEVEL AFTER PURGING:         86.28 feet bTOC         PUMPING RATE:         0.5 L/min           TIME         VOLUME         pH         COND         TURBIDITY         DO (mg/l)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1057         2.1         6.14         60.3         25.9         0.76         24.5         0.0         -80           1059         3.1         6.09         59.3         15.1         0.48         24.4         0.0         -82           1101         4.1         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         5.1         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -87           1104         6.06         59.2         3.8         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6.1         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1104         Extended bladder pump         APPEARANCE OF SAMPLE:         COLOR         Clear         COLOR         Clear         COLOR         Clear         COLOR         Clear         COLOR         Clear         COLOR         Clear	LENGTH OF	SATURATED ZO	NE:	N/A		WEATHER CO	NDITIONS:		N/A
WELL PURGE DATA:         TURBIDITY         DO (mg/l)         TEMP (*C)         SALINITY         REDOX (ORP)           1057         2.L         6.14         59.3         15.1         0.48         24.4         0.0         -82           1101         4.L         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         5.L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         6.L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1105         6.L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6.L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         e.L         counter of the state of the sta	VOLUME OF	WATER TO BE R	REMOVED:	N/A	_	METHOD OF REMOVAL:		Low flow dedi	cated bladder pump
TIME         VOLUME REMOVED         PH         COND         TURBIDITY (mS/m)         DO (mg/l)         TEMP (°C)         SALINITY (%)         REDOX (ORP)           1057         2L         6.14         59.3         25.9         0.76         24.5         0.0         -80           1059         3L         6.09         59.3         15.1         0.48         24.4         0.0         -82           1101         4L         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         5L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           106         0.0         7         24	WATER LEV	EL AFTER PURG	ING:	86.28 feet bTOC	_	PUMPING RAT	E:	0.5 L/min	
IMME         REMOVED         pH         (mS/m)         (NTU)         DD (mg/n)         (EMP (C)         (%)         (mV)           1057         2L         6.14         59.3         25.9         0.76         24.5         0.0         -80           1059         3L         6.09         59.3         15.1         0.48         24.4         0.0         -82           1101         4L         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         6L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87	WELL PURG	E DATA:							
NEWORD         Call         (INS)         (INS) <th< td=""><td>TIME</td><td></td><td>Рq</td><td></td><td></td><td>DO (mg/l)</td><td>TEMP (°C)</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	TIME		Рq			DO (mg/l)	TEMP (°C)		
1059         3L         6.09         59.3         15.1         0.48         24.4         0.0         -62           1101         4L         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         5L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87           1105         COLOR         Clear         0.0         -87         -98<	1057		6 14			0.76			
1101         4L         6.06         59.2         7.9         0.45         24.3         0.0         -83           1103         5L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -88           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87									
1103         5L         6.04         59.2         3.8         0.45         24.3         0.0         -88           1105         6L         6.05         59.3         0.2         0.47         24.2         0.0         -87									
1105       6L       6.05       59.3       0.2       0.47       24.2       0.0       -87         1105       6L       6.05       59.3       0.2       0.47       24.2       0.0       -87         1105       6L       6.05       59.3       0.2       0.47       24.2       0.0       -87         1105       6L       6.05       59.3       0.2       0.47       24.2       0.0       -87         1105       6L       6.05       59.3       0.2       0.47       24.2       0.0       -87         1105       61.0       1.0       61.0       <									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COLOR       Clear         SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
SAMPLE ID:       ES037 (RH-RHMW02-GW24)       TURBIDITY       None         SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT       None         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	SAMPLE RE	TRIEVAL METHO	D: Low flow dedicated	ated bladder pump					
SAMPLE COLLECTION TIME:       1110       SEDIMENT       None         SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER									
SAMPLED BY:       S. Koide, S. Fineran       OTHER         COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran									
COMMENTS AND OBSERVATIONS:       PID= 0.0 ppm         Slight petroleum odor       Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight			-		_	lone			
Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	SAMPLED B	Y:S	5. Kolde, S. Finera	an	OTHER _				
Slight petroleum odor         Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	COMMENTS								
Collected duplicate sample = ES038 (RH-RHMW02-GW24Dup)         LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	COMMENTS	AND OBSERVAT	IONS.		n odor				
LABORATORY ANALYSIS PARAMETERS AND PRESERVATIVES:       TPH-GRO (EPA 8260B) & VOCs (EPA 8260B) with no preservative,         TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran				<u>v</u> i		S038 (RH-RHMW	(02-GW24Dup)		
TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran							02 0112 10 up)		
TPH-DRO (EPA8015B) & PAHs (EPA 8270D SIM) with no preservative, and dissolved lead (EPA 6020) with nitric acid preservative         NUMBER AND TYPES OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS FILLED:       Primary and duplicate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs, (4) - 1 L amber bottle, (1) - 500 mL polyethylene bottle         DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES:       Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water         SAMPLES DELIVERED TO:       APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight       TRANSPORTERS:       S. Fineran	LABORATOF	RY ANALYSIS PAP	RAMETERS AND	PRESERVATIVES	: т	PH-GRO (EPA 8260	B) & VOCs (EPA 8260	)B) with no preserva	ative,
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran						6020) with nitric acid	preservative	· ·	
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Alconox, triple rinse with distilled water SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran									
SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran	NUMBER AN	ID TYPES OF SAM	MPLE CONTAINE	ERS FILLED:	Primary and dupli	cate: (4) - 40 mL VOAs	s, (4) - 1 L amber bottle,	(1) - 500 mL polye	thylene bottle
SAMPLES DELIVERED TO: APPL, Inc. via FedEx overnight TRANSPORTERS: S. Fineran									
	DECONTAM	INATION PROCE	DURES:	Alconox, triple r	rinse with distille	d water			
SAMPLE DELIVERY DATE:     7/20/2011     SAMPLE DELIVERY TIME:     1445	SAMPLES D	ELIVERED TO:	APPL, Inc.	via FedEx overnight	t		TRANSPORTE	RS:	S. Fineran
	SAMPLE DE	LIVERY DATE:	7/20/2011				SAMPLE DELIV	/ERY TIME:	1445

WELL ID:	RHMW03	LOCATION:	Red Hill E	Bulk Fuel Storag	e Facility	PROJECT NO:	1022-015	
INITIAL WAT	ER LEVEL:	102.4	9 feet bTOC	_	DATE:	7/19/2011	TIME:	0909
TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL: unl		known		PERSONNEL I	NVOLVED:	S. Koid	le, S. Fineran	
LENGTH OF	SATURATED ZOI	NE:	N/A	WEATHER CO		NDITIONS:		N/A
VOLUME OF	WATER TO BE R	EMOVED:	N/A	_	METHOD OF R	METHOD OF REMOVAL:		cated bladder pump
WATER LEV	EL AFTER PURGI	NG:	103.22 feet bTOC	_	PUMPING RAT	E:	0.38 L/min	
WELL PURG	E DATA:							
TIME	VOLUME	pН	COND	TURBIDITY	DO (mg/l)	TEMP (°C)	SALINITY	REDOX (ORP)
	REMOVED	·	(mS/m)	(NTU)			(%)	(mV)
0928	<u>2 L</u>	6.24	66.6	38.2	1.82	27.3	0.0	203
0930	<u>3L</u>	6.24	66.1	36.2	1.90	27.7	0.0	201
0933	<u>4 L</u>	6.25	65.9	39.6	1.57	27.9	0.0	197
0935	<u>5 L</u>	6.24	66.0	21.5	1.33	27.4	0.0	171
0938 0941	<u>6 L</u> 7L	<u>6.24</u> 6.25	<u>65.4</u> 65.3	2.2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.0	<u> </u>
SAMPLE RE	TRIEVAL METHO	D: Low flow dedic	ated bladder pump	APPEARANCI	E OF SAMPLE:			
				COLOR C	Clear			
SAMPLE ID:	ES035	5 (RH-RHMW03-	GW24)	TURBIDITY N	lone			
	LLECTION TIME:		415	SEDIMENT N	lone			
SAMPLED B	Y:S	. Fineran, S. Koi	de	OTHER				
COMMENTS	AND OBSERVAT	IONS:	PID= 0.0 ppm					
			PRESERVATIVES			B) & VOCs (EPA 8260	B) with no preserva	tive,
NUMBER AN	ID TYPES OF SAM	MPLE CONTAINI	ERS FILLED:	(4) - 40 mL \	/OAs, (4) - 1 L am	ber bottle, (1) - 500	) mL polyethyler	ne bottle
DECONTAM	INATION PROCE	DURES:	Alconox, triple r	inse with distille	d water			
SAMPLES D	ELIVERED TO:	APPL, Inc.	via FedEx overnight			TRANSPORTE	RS:	S. Fineran
SAMPLE DE	LIVERY DATE:	7/20/2011				SAMPLE DELI	/ERY TIME:	1445

WELL ID:	RHMW05	LOCATION:	Red Hill I	Bulk Fuel Storag	e Facility	PROJECT NO:	10	22-015
INITIAL WAT	ER LEVEL:	83.0	8 feet bTOC	_	DATE:	7/19/2011	TIME:	1354
TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL: unit		nown		PERSONNEL I	NVOLVED:	S. Fine	ran, S. Koide	
LENGTH OF	SATURATED ZON	IE: _	N/A	WEATHER CON		NDITIONS:		N/A
VOLUME OF	WATER TO BE RE	EMOVED:	N/A	_	METHOD OF REMOVAL:		Low flow dedic	cated bladder pump
WATER LEV	EL AFTER PURGIN	NG:	84.10 feet bTOC	_	PUMPING RAT	E:	0.4 L/min	
WELL PURG	E DATA:							
TIME	VOLUME	pН	COND	TURBIDITY	DO (mg/l)	TEMP (°C)	SALINITY	REDOX (ORP)
1406	REMOVED 2L	6.90	(mS/m) 29.4	(NTU) 118.0	8.46	22.7	(%) 0.0	(mV) 167
1408	<u>3L</u>	6.88	28.4	115.0	8.06	22.4	0.0	169
1412	4L	6.76	28.5	45.1	8.02	22.2	0.0	177
1414	5L	6.73	28.7	37.6	7.98	22.2	0.0	180
1416	6L	6.72	29.1	25.8	8.07	22.2	0.0	181
		. <u> </u>						
			<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
SAMPLE RE	TRIEVAL METHOD	: Low flow dedica	ated bladder pump		E OF SAMPLE:			
SAMPLE ID:		ES039		COLOR <u>C</u> TURBIDITY N	Clear			
	LLECTION TIME:		425	SEDIMENT N				
	Y: S.	-		OTHER	lone			
		· · ·		_				
COMMENTS	AND OBSERVATI	ONS:	PID = 0.0 ppm					
			Collected MS/N	MSD				
				<b>`.</b> т				11
	RY ANALYSIS PAR EPA8015B) & PAHs (EF					B) & VOCs (EPA 8260	B) with no preserva	uve,
		1102108 0111, 1111						
NUMBER AN	ID TYPES OF SAM	PLE CONTAINE	ERS FILLED:	(4) - 40 mL \	/OAs, (4) - 1 L am	ber bottle, (1) - 50	) mL polyethyle	ne bottle
DECONTAM	INATION PROCED	URES:	Alconox, triple	rinse with distille	d water			
SAMPLES D	ELIVERED TO:	APPL, Inc.	via FedEx overnigh	t		TRANSPORTE	RS:	S. Fineran
SAMPLE DE	LIVERY DATE:	7/20/2011				SAMPLE DELIV	/ERY TIME:	1445

Appendix D Laboratory Analytical Results, July 2011 (on CD-ROM)